

Blockchain Explained

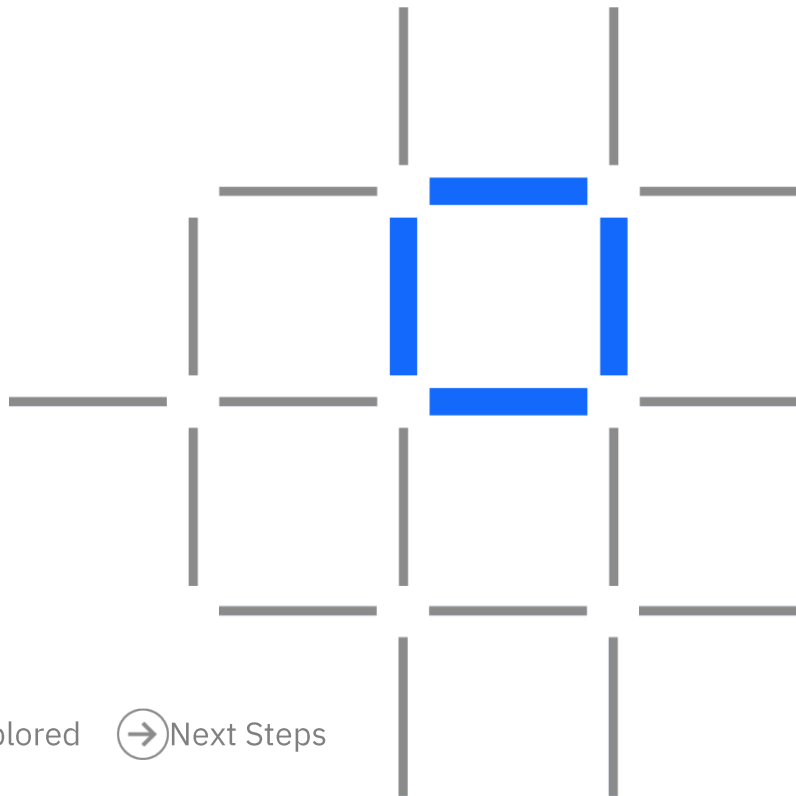
An Introduction to Blockchain for Business

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Certified Thought Leader IT Architect

Jan-30-2018



Blockchain education series

 **Explained**

 Solutions

 Composed

 Architected

 Explored

 Next Steps

V5.0, 23 August 2017

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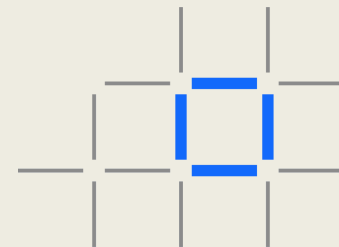
IBM

What's the Buzz?

IBM Blockchain



3 Million 'ICO'



Famous Quotes



IBM Chief Executive Ginny Rometty.

- "What the internet did for communications, I think Blockchain will do for trusted transactions."



I'm a big believer in the ability of Blockchain technology to effect fundamental change in the infrastructure of the financial service industry."

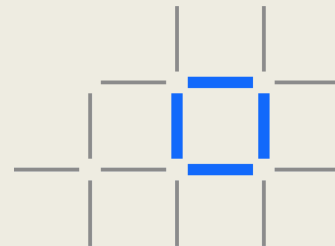
Bob Greifeld, CEO of NASDAQ



I'm a big fan of Bitcoin... Regulation of money supply needs to be depoliticized.

— Al Gore —

AZ QUOTES





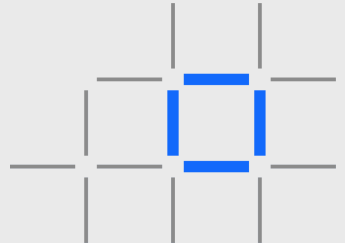
What is Blockchain?



Why is it relevant for our business?



How can IBM help us apply blockchain?



Business networks, wealth and markets

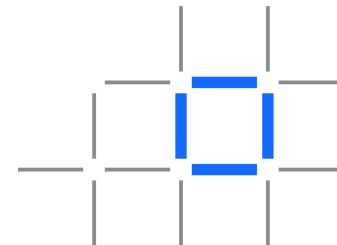
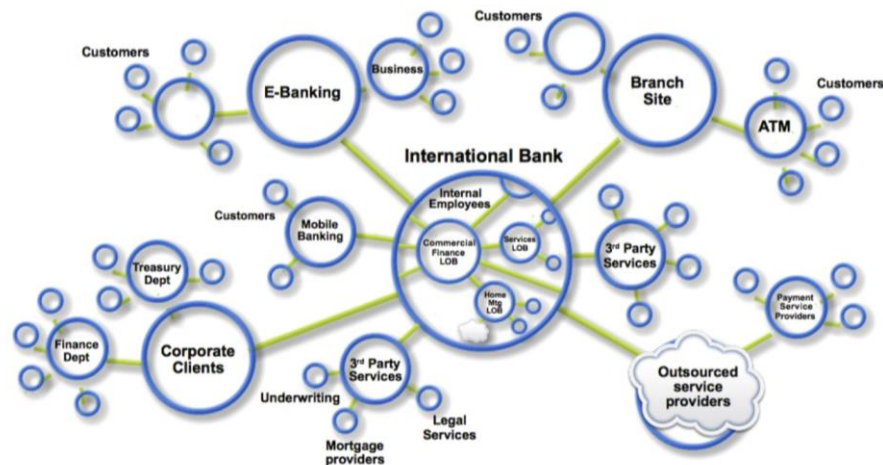
- **Business Networks** benefit from connectivity

- Participants are customers, suppliers, banks, partners
- Cross geography & regulatory boundary

- **Wealth** is generated by the flow of goods & services across business network in transactions and contracts

- **Markets** are central to this process:

- Public (fruit market, car auction), or
- Private (supply chain financing, bonds)



Transferring assets, building value

Anything that is capable of being owned or controlled to produce value, is an asset



Two fundamental types of asset

- Tangible, e.g. a house
- Intangible, e.g. a mortgage



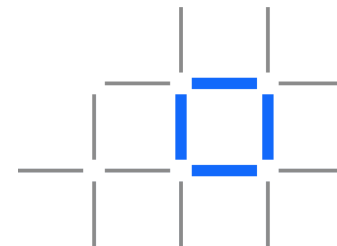
Intangible assets subdivide

- Financial, e.g. bond
- Intellectual, e.g. patents
- Digital, e.g. music



Cash is also an asset

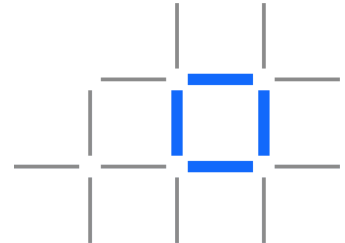
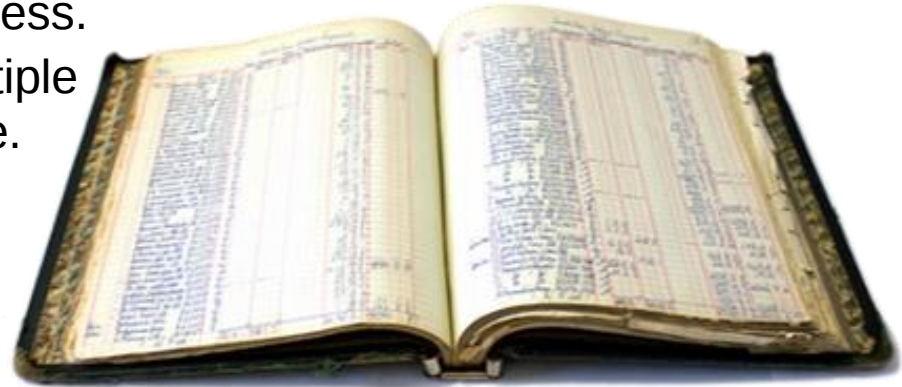
- Has property of anonymity



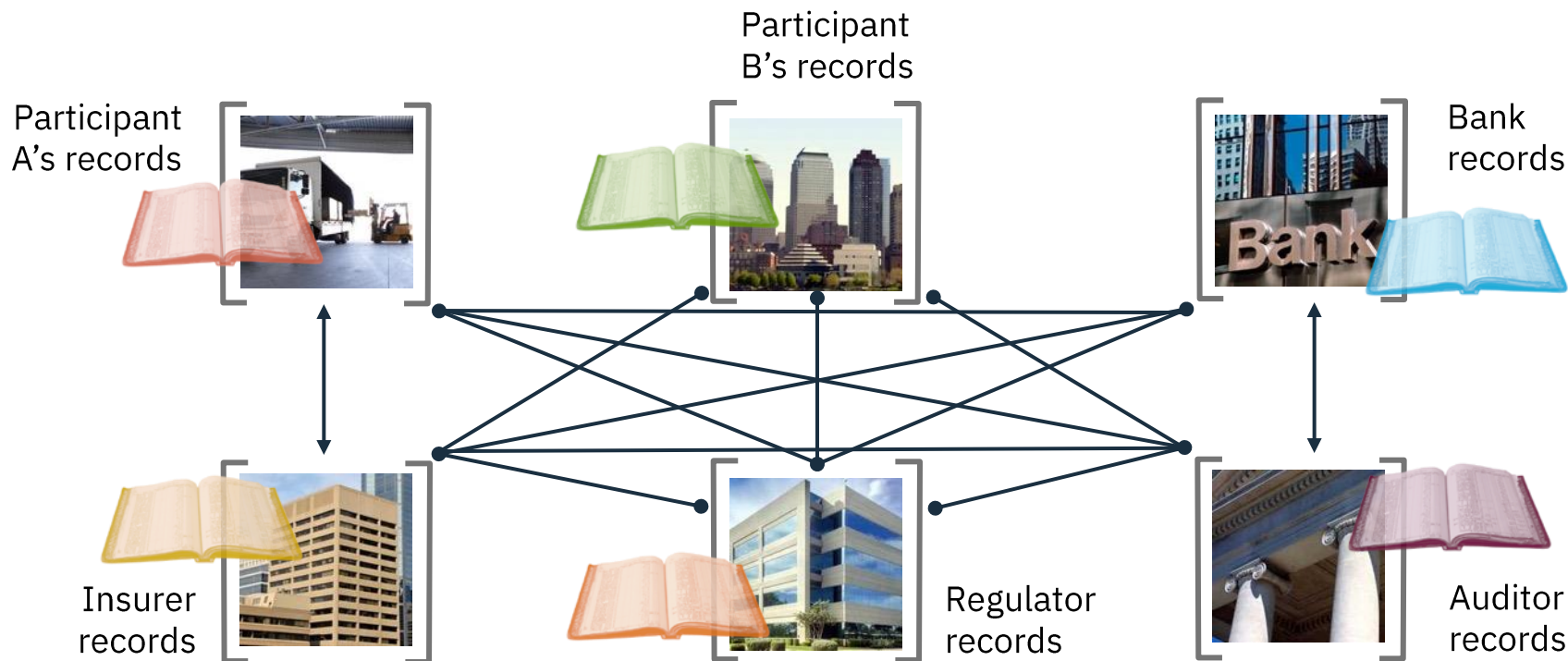
Ledgers are key

Ledger is THE system of record for a business. Business will have multiple ledgers for multiple business networks in which they participate.

- **Transaction** – an asset transfer onto or off the ledger
 - John gives a car to Anthony (simple)
- **Contract** – conditions for transaction to occur
 - If Anthony pays John money, then car passes from John to Anthony (simple)
 - If car won't start, funds do not pass to John (as decided by third party arbitrator) (more complex)

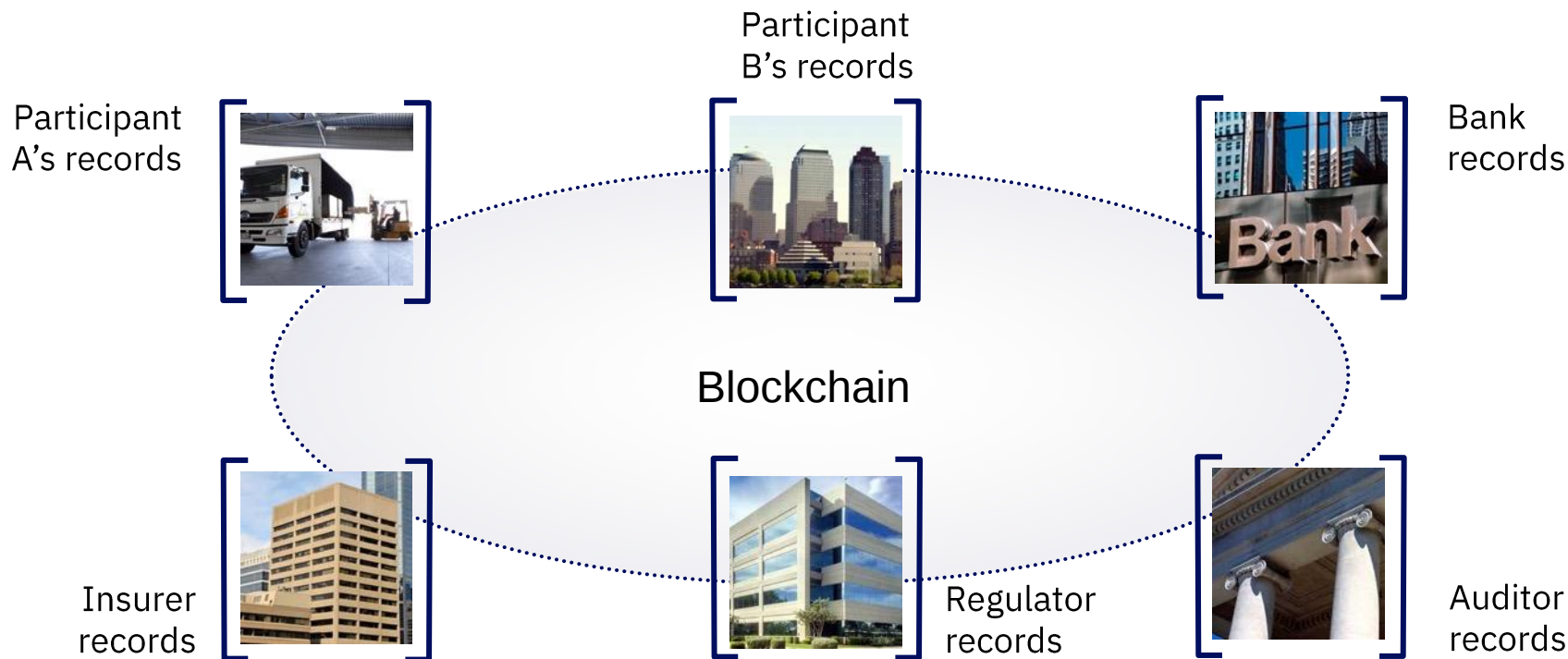


Problem ...



... inefficient, expensive, vulnerable

A shared, replicated, permissioned ledger ...



... with consensus, provenance, immutability and finality

Blockchain underpins Bitcoin

 **bitcoin** is:

- An unregulated shadow-currency
- The first blockchain application
- Resource intensive

Blockchain for business differs in key areas:

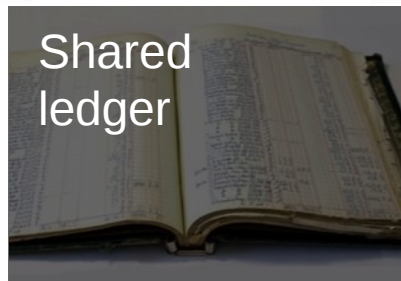
- Identity over anonymity
- Selective endorsement over proof of work
- Assets over cryptocurrency



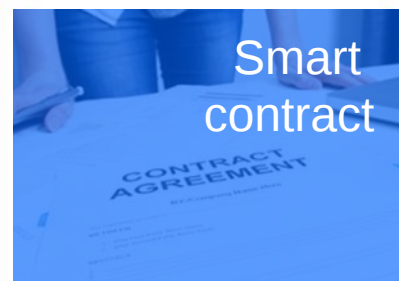
Requirements of blockchain for business

Append-only
distributed system of
record shared across
business network

Shared
ledger



Smart
contract



Business terms
embedded in
transaction
database
& executed with
transactions

Ensuring appropriate
visibility; transactions
are secure,
authenticated
& verifiable

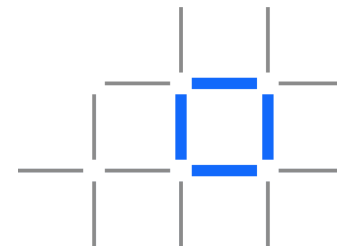
Privacy



Trust

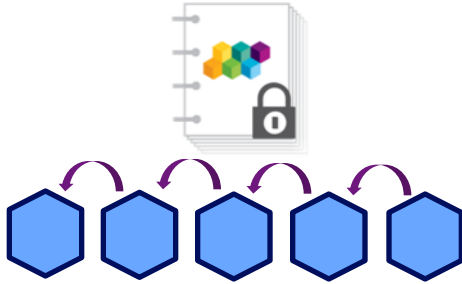


Transactions are
endorsed by
relevant
participants

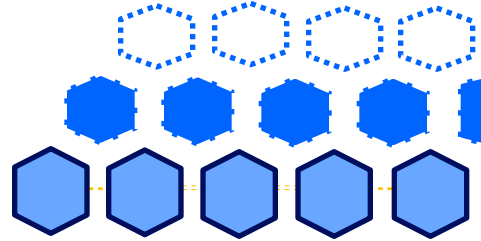


Essential Properties of a Blockchain

Secure and immutable



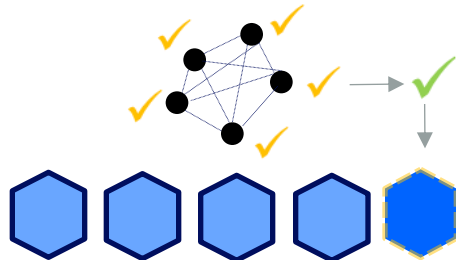
Distributed and Sustainable



Transparent and Auditable



Consensus based Transactions



Smart Contracts



Blockchain benefits



Saves time

Transaction time
reduced from days to
near instantaneous



Removes cost

Overheads and
cost intermediaries



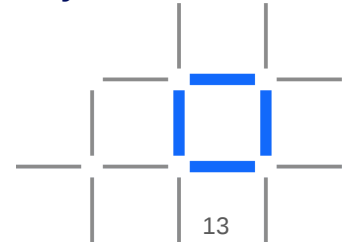
Creates transparency

Access to data
among all
participants



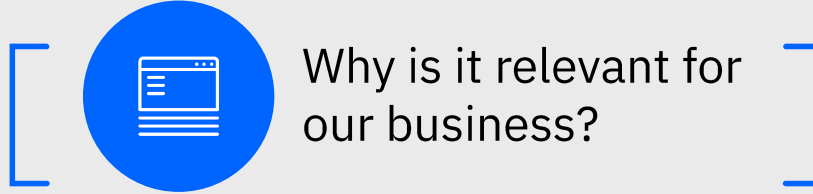
Reduces risk

Tampering, fraud
& cyber crime





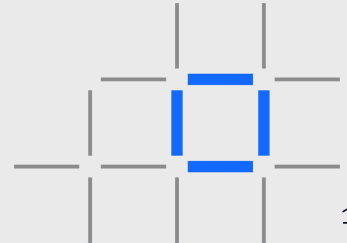
What is Blockchain?



Why is it relevant for our business?



How can IBM help us apply blockchain?



Blockchain is creating extraordinary opportunities for businesses to come together in new ways

Create New Value

Exploit new business models and eliminate inefficiencies

Optimize Ecosystems

Streamline business processes and the exchange of value along your ecosystem

Reduce Risk

Replace uncertainty with transparency and a trusted decentralized ledger



Further examples by (selected) industry



Financial

- Trade Finance
- Cross currency payments
- Mortgages

Public Sector

- Asset Registration
- Citizen Identity
- Medical records
- Medicine supply chain

Retail

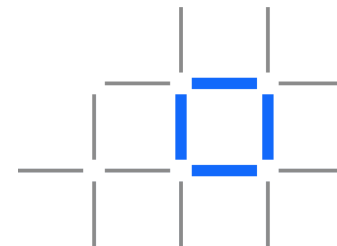
- Supply chain
- Loyalty programs
- Information sharing (supplier – retailer)

Insurance

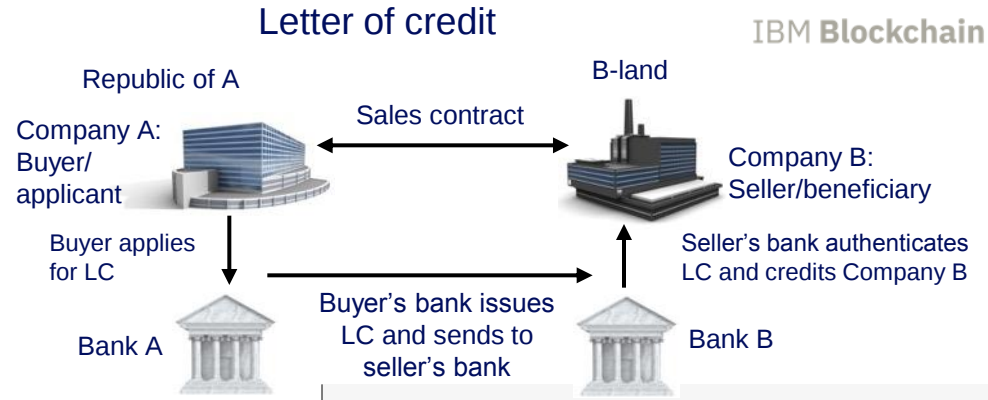
- Claims processing
- Risk provenance
- Asset usage history
- Claims file

Manufacturing

- Supply chain
- Product parts
- Maintenance tracking



Example: Letter of credit



- What**
- Bank handling letters of credit (LOC) wants to offer them to a wider range of clients including startups
 - Currently constrained by costs & the time to execute

- How**
- Blockchain provides common ledger for letters of credit
 - Allows all counter-parties to have the same validated record of transaction and fulfillment

Benefits

1. Increase speed of execution (less than 1 day)
2. Vastly reduced cost
3. Reduced risk, e.g. currency fluctuations
4. Value added services, e.g. incremental payment

Aerospace Use Case – Supply Chain



What

- Improve efficiency of inbound logistics to final assembly plant
- Share detailed part info, location and timestamp with suppliers, 3PL logistics providers, transportation companies and assembly plant
- Enable near real-time look up of part location and inventory level for improved production planning

How

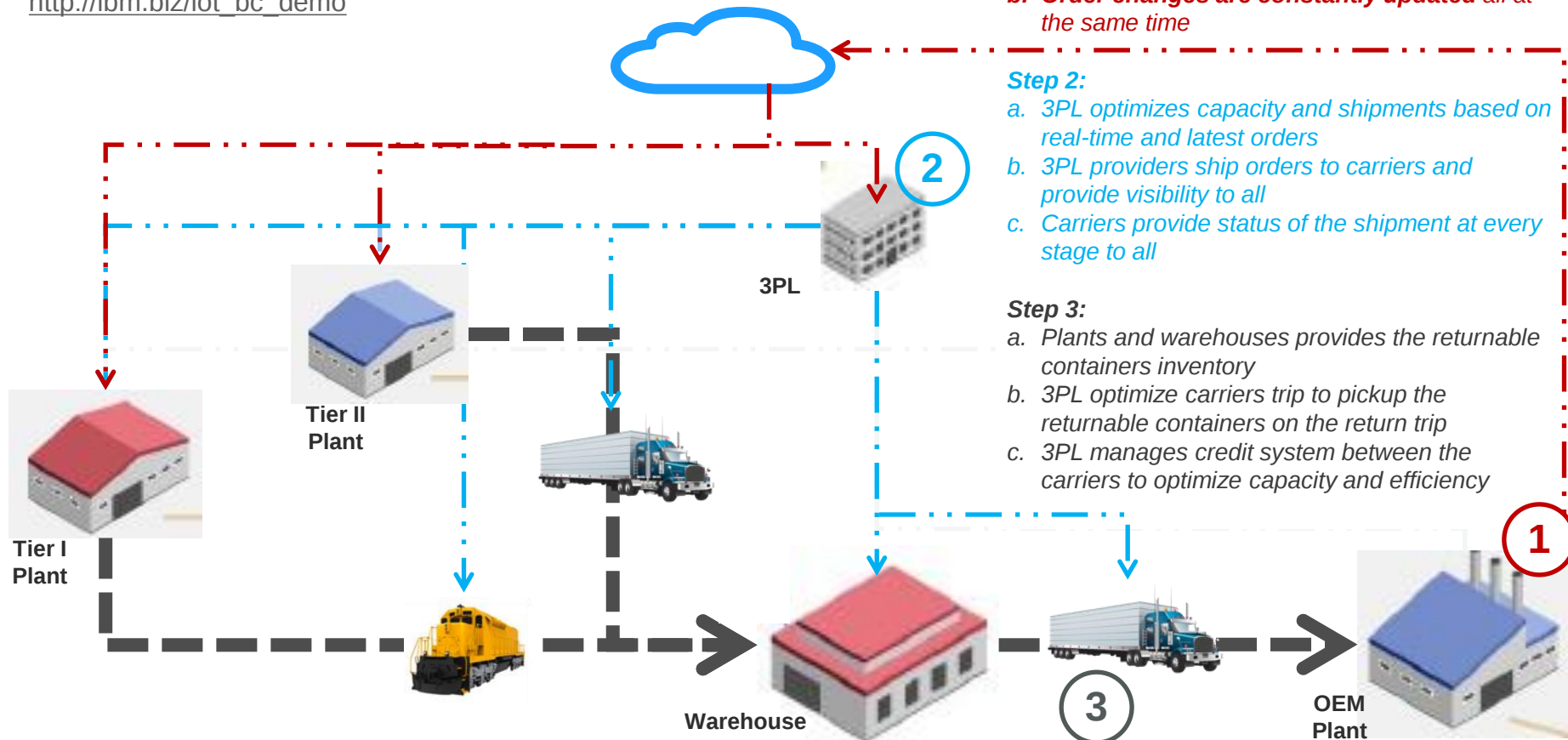
- Send part dispatch and arrival events to shared ledger
- Blockchain holds clear record of transactions and traceable record of responsibility for parts at each stage of shipment process

Benefits

1. Greater transparency between contracting parties
2. Easier production planning at Manufacturer's Plant
3. Reduce inventory and production lead times
4. Reduce number of trips where trucks are travelling empty by offering credit exchange

Inbound Logistics

http://ibm.biz/iot_bc_demo



Aerospace Use Case

Documentation Traceability



What

- Provide easy traceability of aircraft, sub-systems and parts test certifications to customer airlines and regulators
- Blockchain uses encryption and permissioned access so only direct stakeholders have visibility of information

How

- As an aircraft part or sub-system moves through the manufacturing plant, send test certification results to the shared ledger
- Connect shared ledger with IoT devices and document management system for an automated process

Benefits

1. Reduce time to commission a new or repaired aircraft as accurate, detailed certification info is easily accessible
2. Regulator has full visibility
3. Faster turnaround times for aircraft maintenance as documentation flow gets digitized

Aerospace Use Case

Provenance of Parts, Spares



What

- Aircraft are complex systems with multiple parts. Tracing provenance of component parts and spares to back to their real origin is difficult
- In some markets use of counterfeit or end-of-life parts are prevalent

How

- Send details of manufacturer, production date, batch no. and manufacturing machine for each part made to shared ledger
- Blockchain holds transparent record for easy lookup of part origin, certification and expiry date by manufacturer, airlines and regulators

Benefits

1. Reduce usage of counterfeit parts and consequent brand damage
2. Recalls can be "specific" rather than cross fleet
3. Reduced cost of Warranty as parts are easily traceable

Aerospace Use Case

Connected Platform: Software BOM



What

- Manage the Bill of Materials for all software installed on an aircraft
- Create an immutable record of all current and previous software applications and firmware versions installed on the airframe, key sub-systems and parts
- Share with airlines, suppliers, MROs, regulator

How

- Send a record of the software version as it is installed to the shared ledger
- Enable permissioned parties to view and search the shared ledger

Benefits

1. Easy lookup of accurate, historical record of software versions installed accelerates fault diagnosis, test certification and maintenance activities
2. Greater information transparency reduces disputes between airline and manufacturer

Bosch and IBM develop Fake Product Detection POC



Implemented in < 3 months with a small team from both sides in Watson IoT Lab, Munich

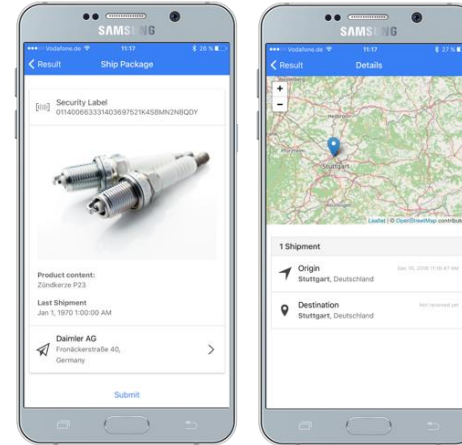
Advantages:

- ✓ Transparency on product logistics
- ✓ Potential cost savings
- ✓ Improved fake detection granularity
- ✓ Identification of gray market imports

Extensible to other business cases like

- Logistic chain
- Sharing economy e.g. car/ebike sharing
- Supply chain and parts authentication
- Community-based parking
- Healthcare

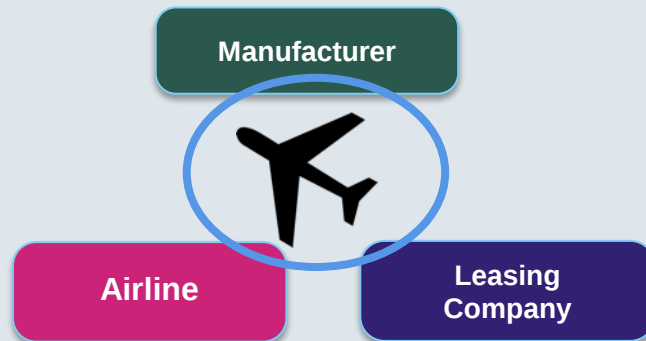
Future connection to Watson IoT



<https://youtu.be/jY8HFRs6Y4s?t=16m13s>

Aerospace Use Case

Aircraft Leasing



What

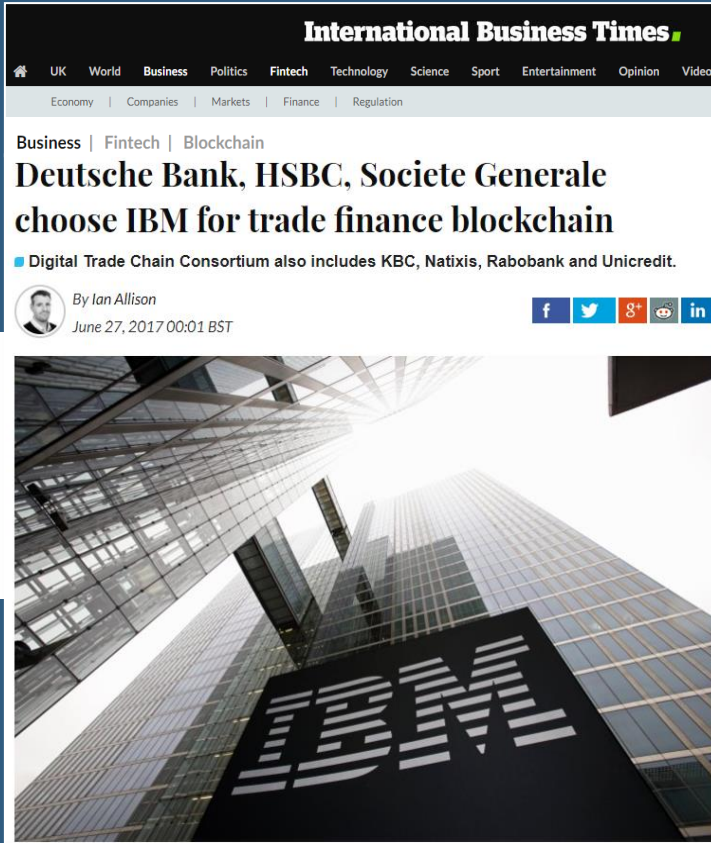
- Airline sells aircraft to Leasing Co. on a lease-back contract but Leasing Co. finds it difficult to agree a fair buy-back price for aircraft at end of contract
- Airline securely shares aircraft flying and maintenance data with Leasing Co., Insurance Co. and Manufacturer

How

- Capture aircraft usage [take-offs, landings, sensor data] and send threshold event info to shared ledger
- Threshold events and other transactions stored as blocks on the Blockchain and shared with permissioned parties in the network

Benefits

1. Greater transparency
2. Increased trust as all parties get single consistent view
3. Leasing Co. able to pay fair price for aircraft buy-back from Airline as have detailed record of aircraft history
4. Enable new business models



HSBC

UniCredit

SOCIETE
GENERALE

NATIXIS
BEYOND BANKING

KBC

Rabobank

Deutsche Bank

IBM Cloud

The Challenge of Trade Finance for SMBs

Trust



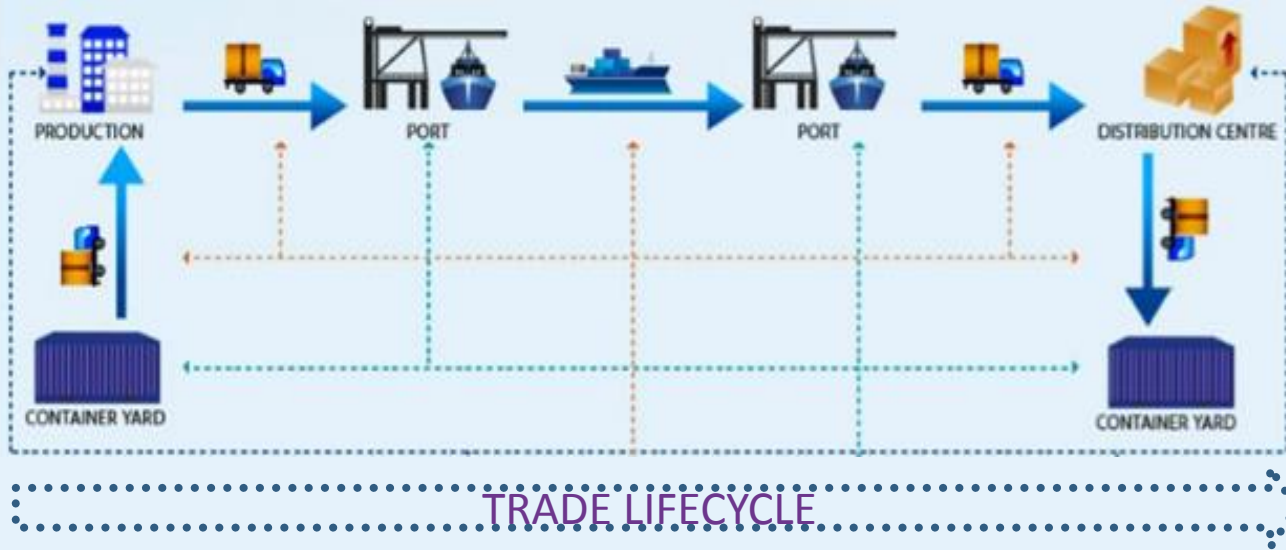
Time



Finance



Today's International Trade: Inefficiencies and Risks



Risks



Blockchain-Enabled Future State



IBM and Maersk announce global trade solution based on Blockchain

<http://www-03.ibm.com/press/us/en/pressrelease/51712.wss>



90% of goods in global trade are carried by the ocean shipping industry each year



Solution to manage and track the paper trail of tens of millions of shipping containers across the world by digitizing the supply chain process

- To be offered to parties operating in the shipping and logistics industry
- To enhance transparency by securely sharing of information among trading partners
- Will show a detailed view a container's progress through the supply supply chain
- Will improve Workflow and Real Time Visibility on the Status of Each Shipment
- Enable view of status of customs documents, bills of lading and other data

When adopted at scale, the solution has the potential to save the industry billions of dollars by reducing fraud and errors and reducing the time products spend in the transit

Food Safety Consortium built on IBM Blockchain Platform



News Announcements:



22 Aug 2017: Walmart and a group of leading companies across the global food supply chain announced a major Blockchain collaboration with IBM

19 Oct 2016 - Walmart opened its new **Walmart Food Safety Collaboration Center** in Beijing. **Walmart and Tsinghua University** announced a collaboration to improve the way food is tracked, transported and sold to consumers across China



Business Values:

- Food traceability
- Food quality assurance
- Food fraud prevention
- Compliance with food, agriculture and labor regulations
- Paper-less Operational costs saving
- Market Potential – Billions of USD

IBM Technologies & Services:

- Blockchain Garage Services
- GBS Consulting
- IBM Blockchain
- Watson IoT
- IBM HSN (Highly Secured Blockchain Network)



Blockchain is good for your health, and your business

EMR: Supporting the entire lifecycle of a patient's EMR

Counterfeit drug prevention and detection: anti-tampering capabilities.

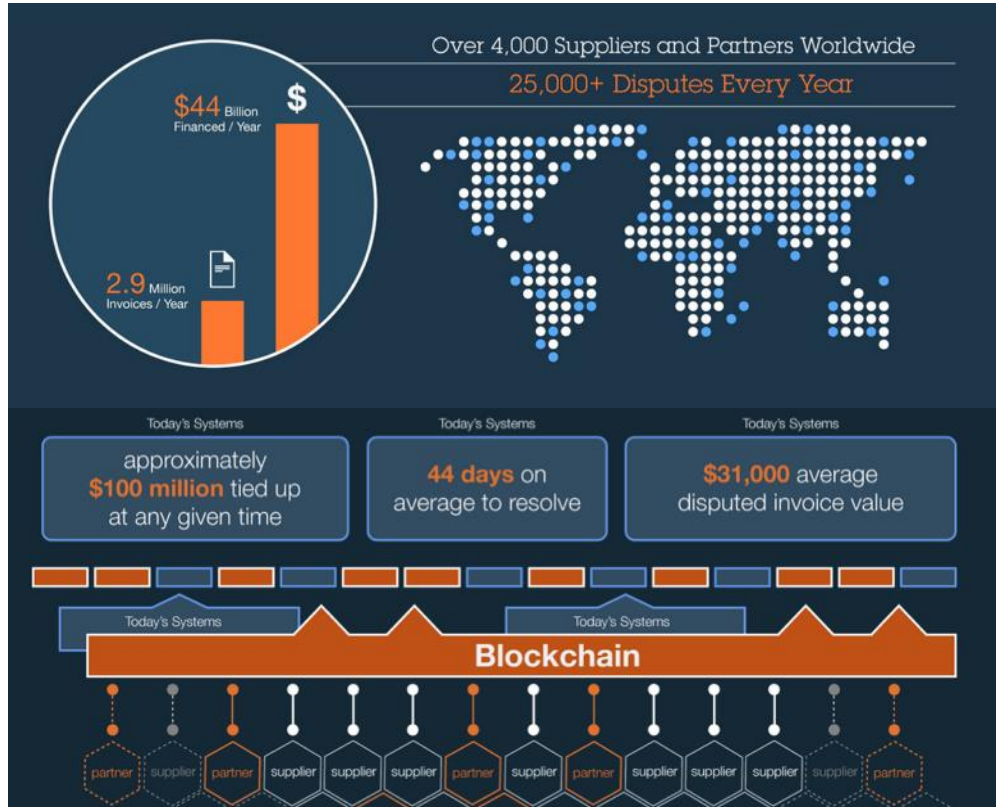
Clinical trial results: Accountability and transparency to the clinical trial reporting process.

Internet of Things: Patient's IoT data and EMR integration

IBM Watson Health has partnered with US Food and Drug Administration to explore the use of health data transfers from wearables and other IoT devices using blockchain.

IBM Global Financing using Blockchain to address Dispute Resolution

<https://youtu.be/0DSNdLDOZ5w>



Blockchain utilized to significantly improve resolution time for common disputes

- Utilized data available from suppliers to deliver enhanced information to both Suppliers and Business Partners
- Accomplished with no code changes to our core Commercial Financing system using shadow ledge approach
- Integrated blockchain into existing user interface
- Enhanced data includes key information regarding shipments status which minimizes proof of delivery disputes
- Established a 'platform' for competitive advantage
- Continuing to work with our Suppliers and Business Partners to further expand Blockchain capabilities



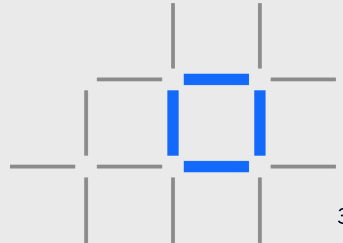
Understanding
Hyperledger Fabric



Transaction Flow in
Hyperledger Fabric



Who is involved in a
Hyperledger Fabric project?

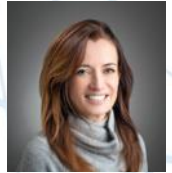


Hyperledger: A Linux Foundation project

- A collaborative effort created to advance cross-industry blockchain technologies for business
- Announced December 2015, now around 150 members
- Open source, open standards, open governance
- Five frameworks and three tools projects
- IBM is a premier member of Hyperledger



Brian Behlendorf
Executive Director



Blythe Masters
Board Chair



Chris Ferris
TSC Chair

www.hyperledger.org

Hyperledger members

Premier

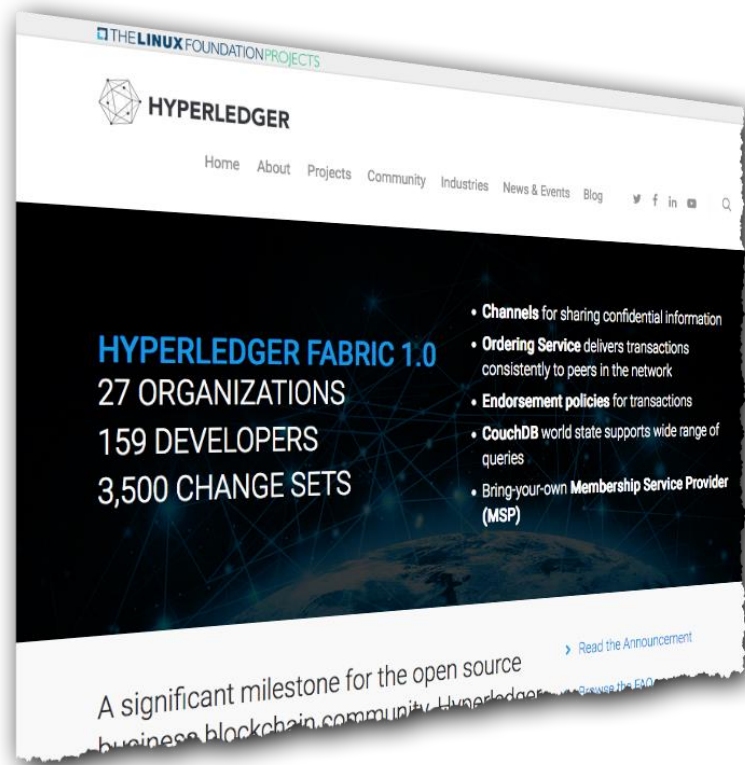
General



Associate

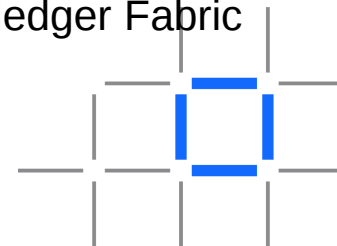
Source: <https://www.hyperledger.org/about/members>
Updated 21 August 2017

Hyperledger Fabric: Distributed ledger platform

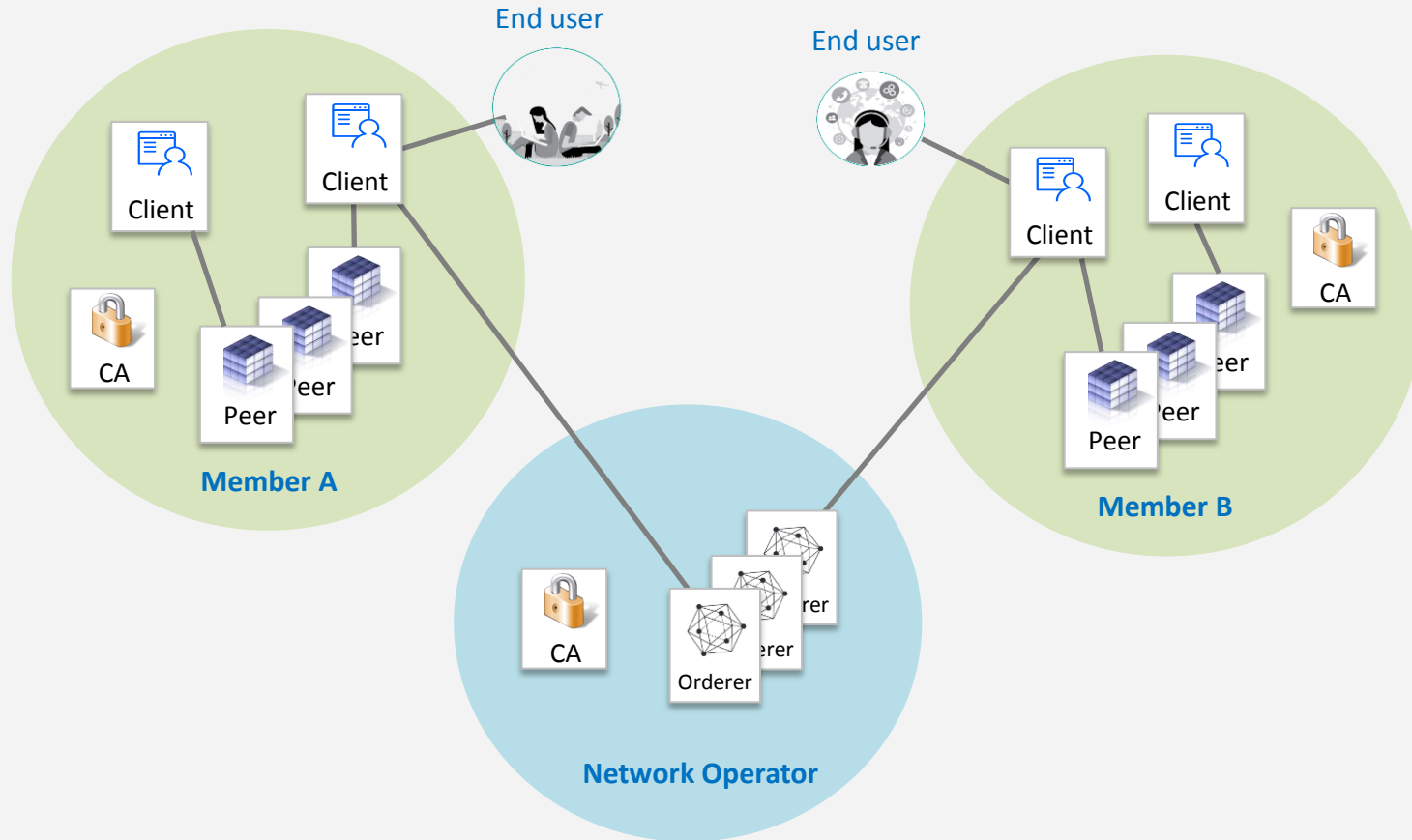


- An implementation of blockchain technology that is a foundation for developing blockchain applications
- Emphasis on ledger, smart contracts, consensus, confidentiality, resiliency and scalability.
- V1.0 released July 2017
 - 159 developers from 27 organizations
 - IBM is one contributor of code, IP and development effort to Hyperledger Fabric

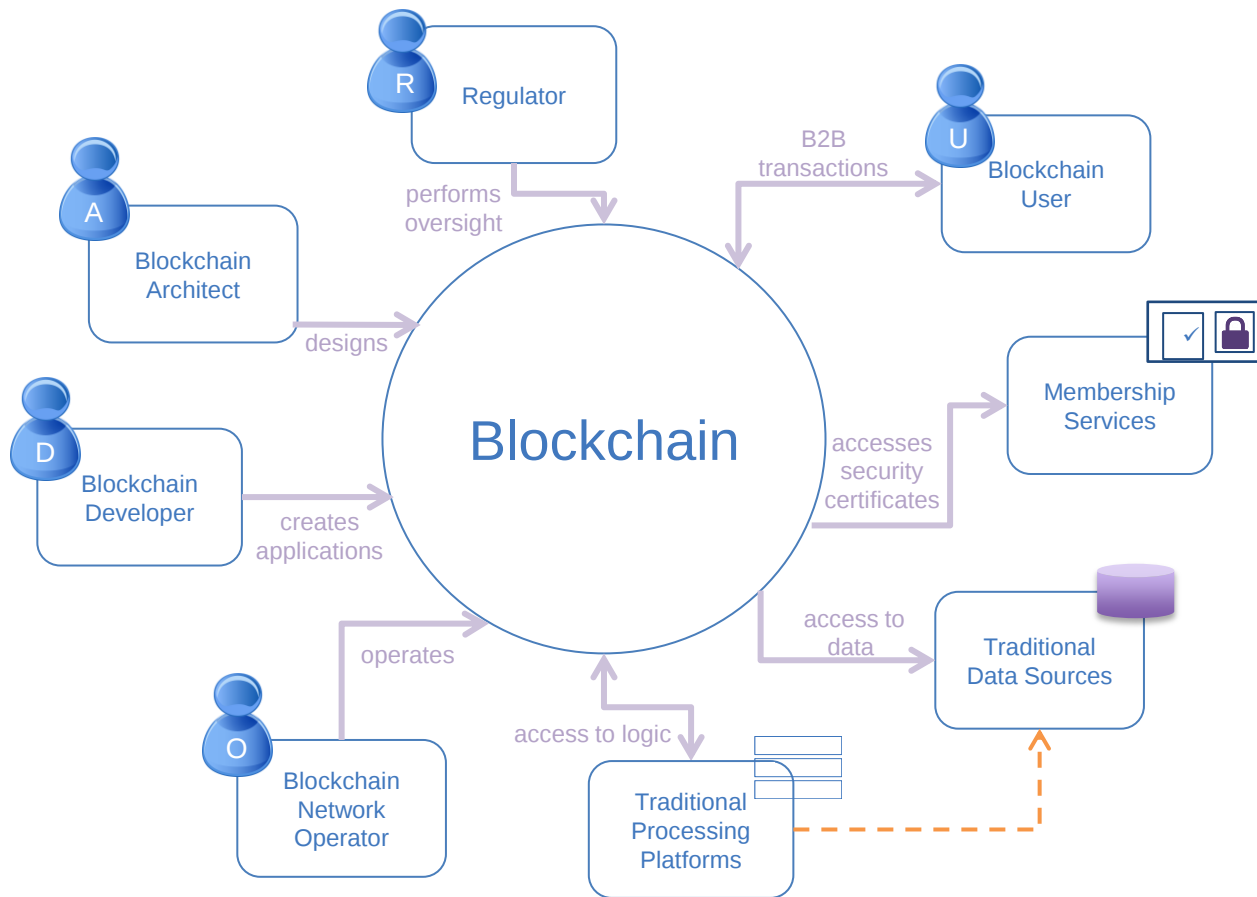
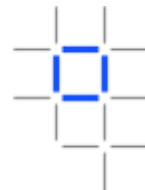
<http://hyperledger-fabric.readthedocs.io/>



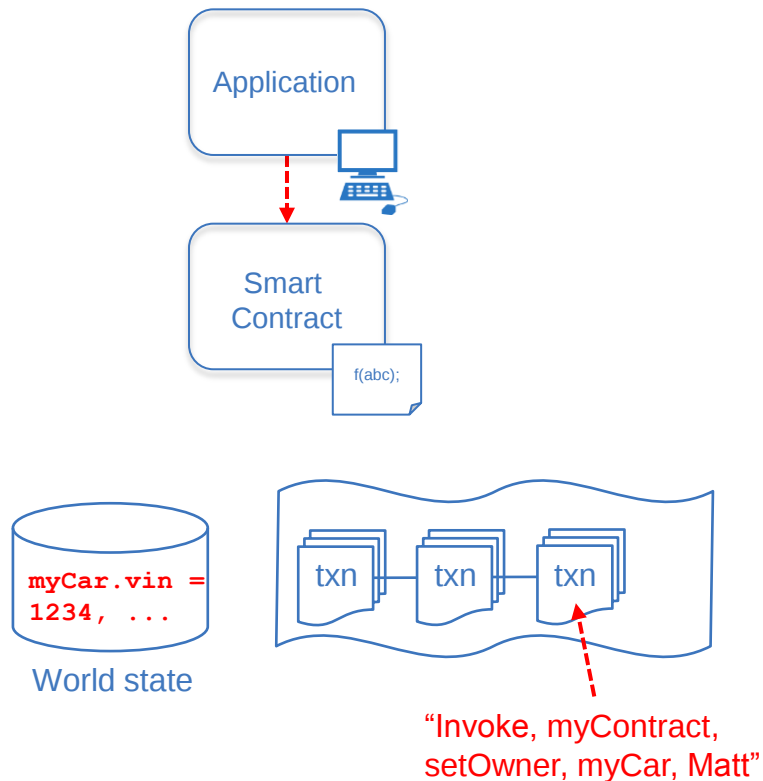
Business Network Example



Actors in a blockchain solution



Working with the ledger: Example of a change of ownership transaction



Transaction input - sent from application

```
invoke(myContract, setOwner,  
       myCar, Matt)  
...
```

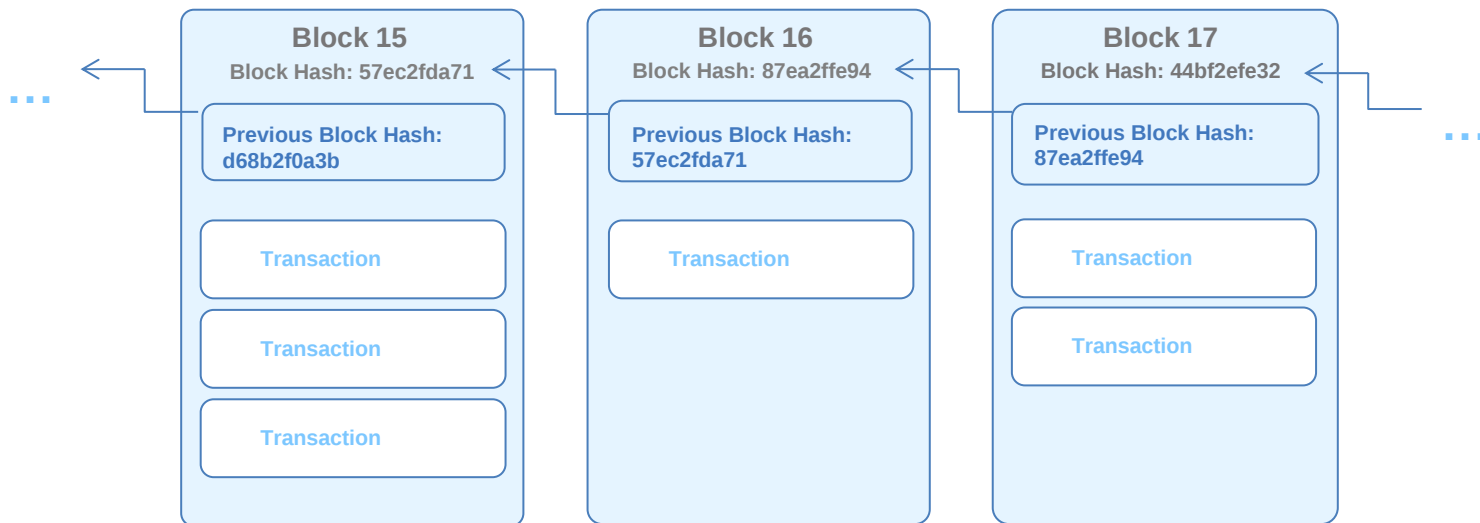
Smart contract implementation

```
setOwner(Car, newOwner) {  
    set Car.owner = newOwner  
}
```

World state: new contents

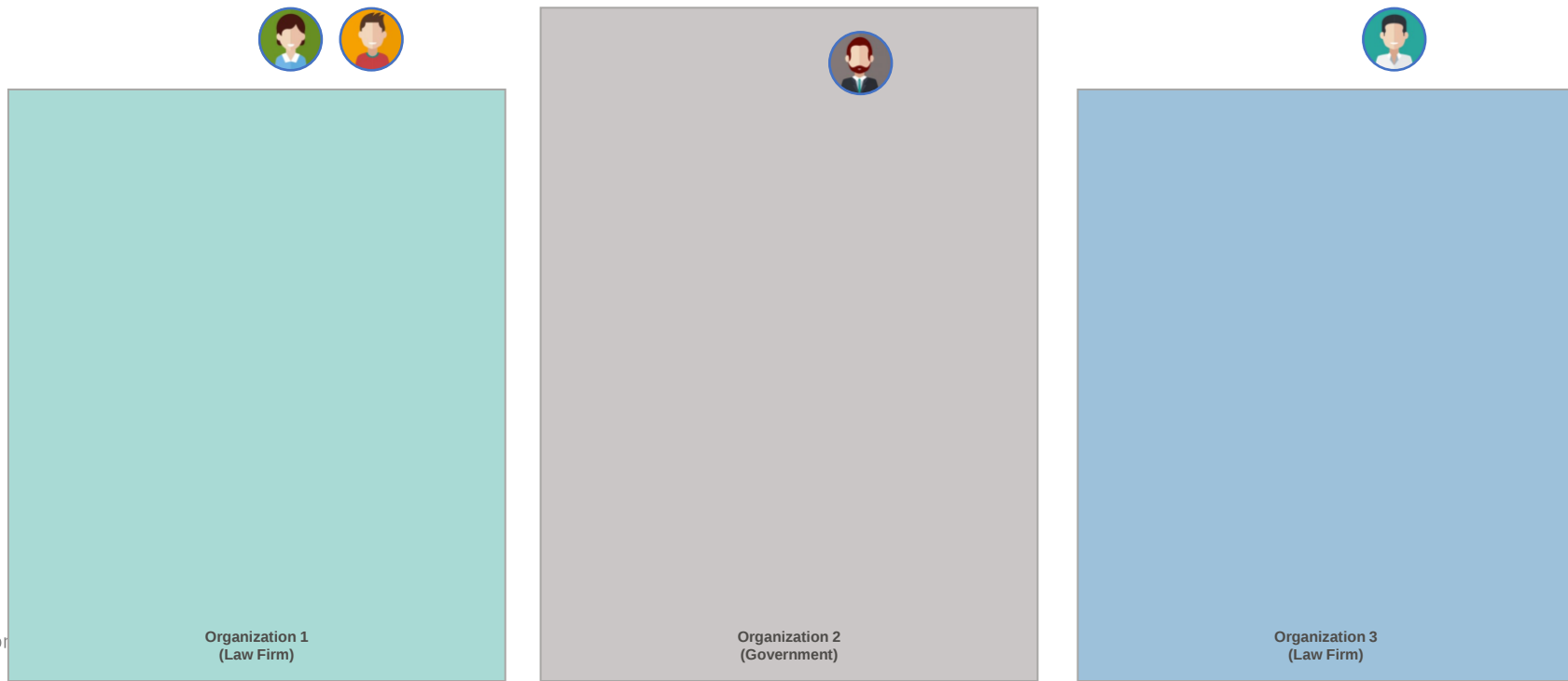
```
myCar.vin = 1234  
myCar.owner = Matt  
myCar.make = Audi  
...
```

Block detail

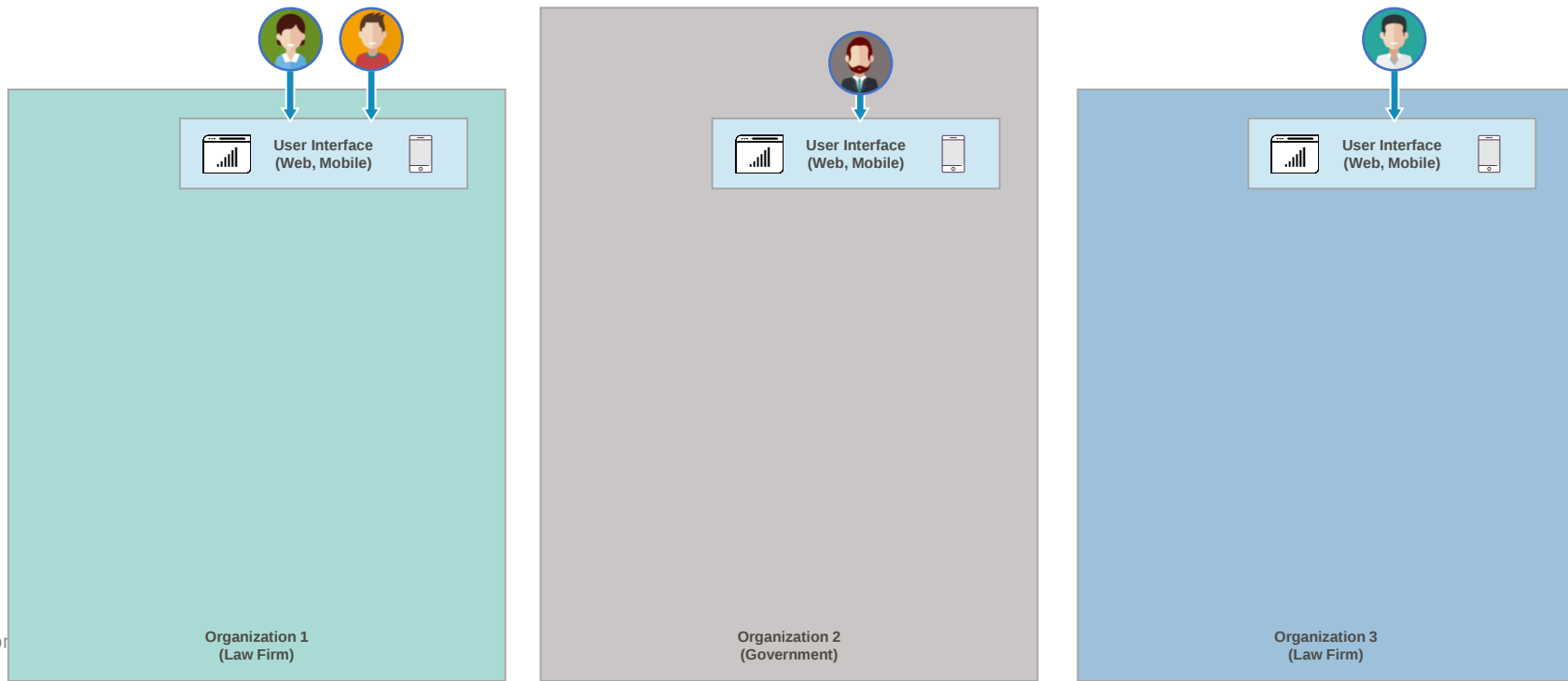


- A blockchain is made up of a series of blocks with new blocks always added to the end
- Each block contains zero or more transactions and some additional metadata
- Blocks achieve immutability by including the result of a hash function of the previous block
- The first block is known as the “genesis” block

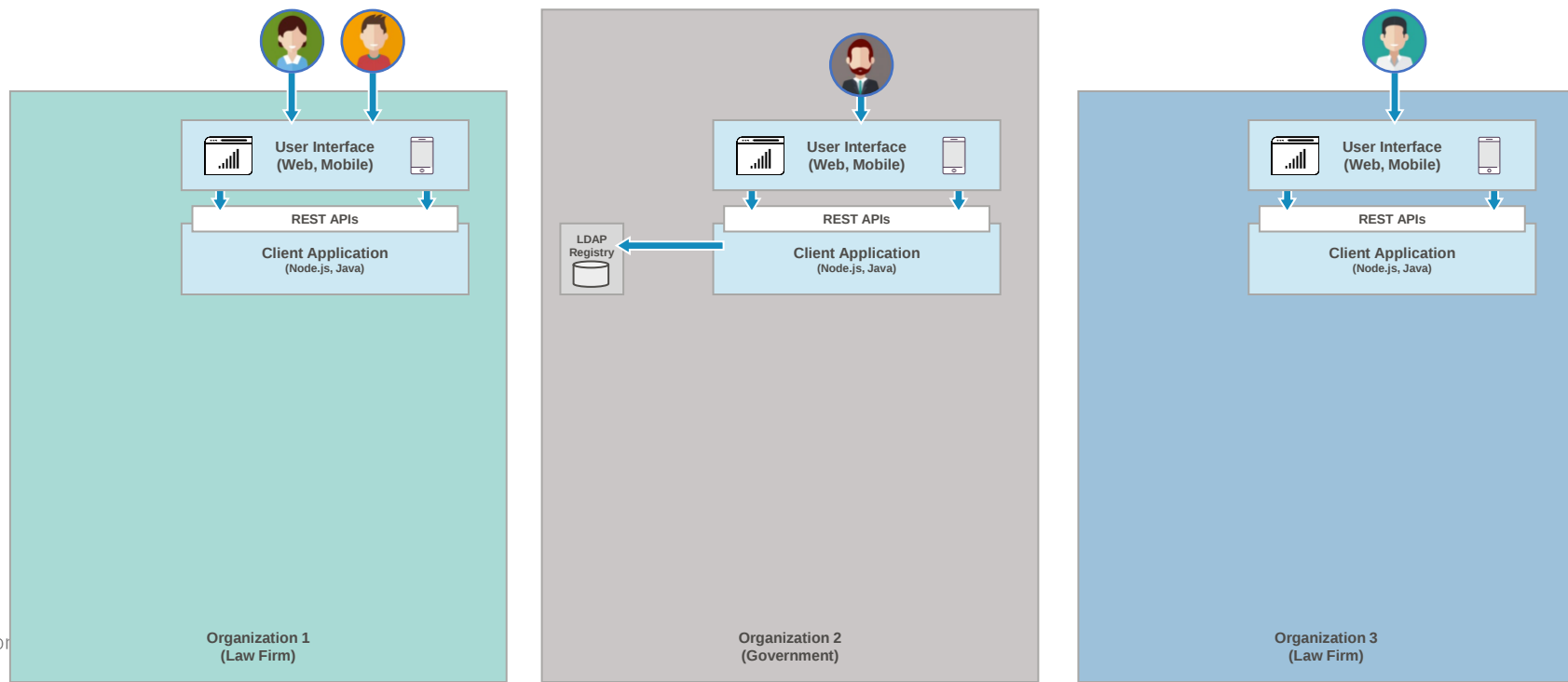
Blockchain is a team sport, so it's important to begin with the perspective of multiple organizations that want to work together, and the individuals who will be interacting with the blockchain-based solution via those organizations. This is a **business network**.



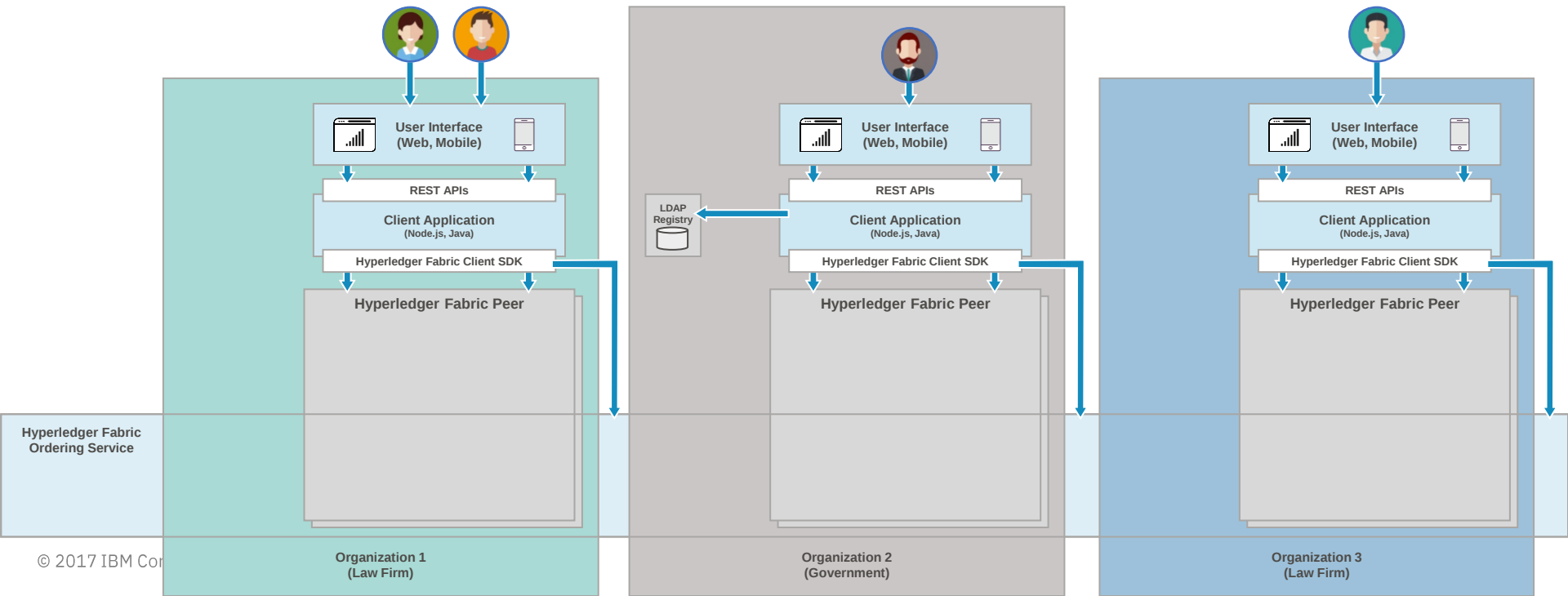
Individuals interact with public-facing and organization-internal applications, through a variety of user interfaces (mobile, web, etc.)



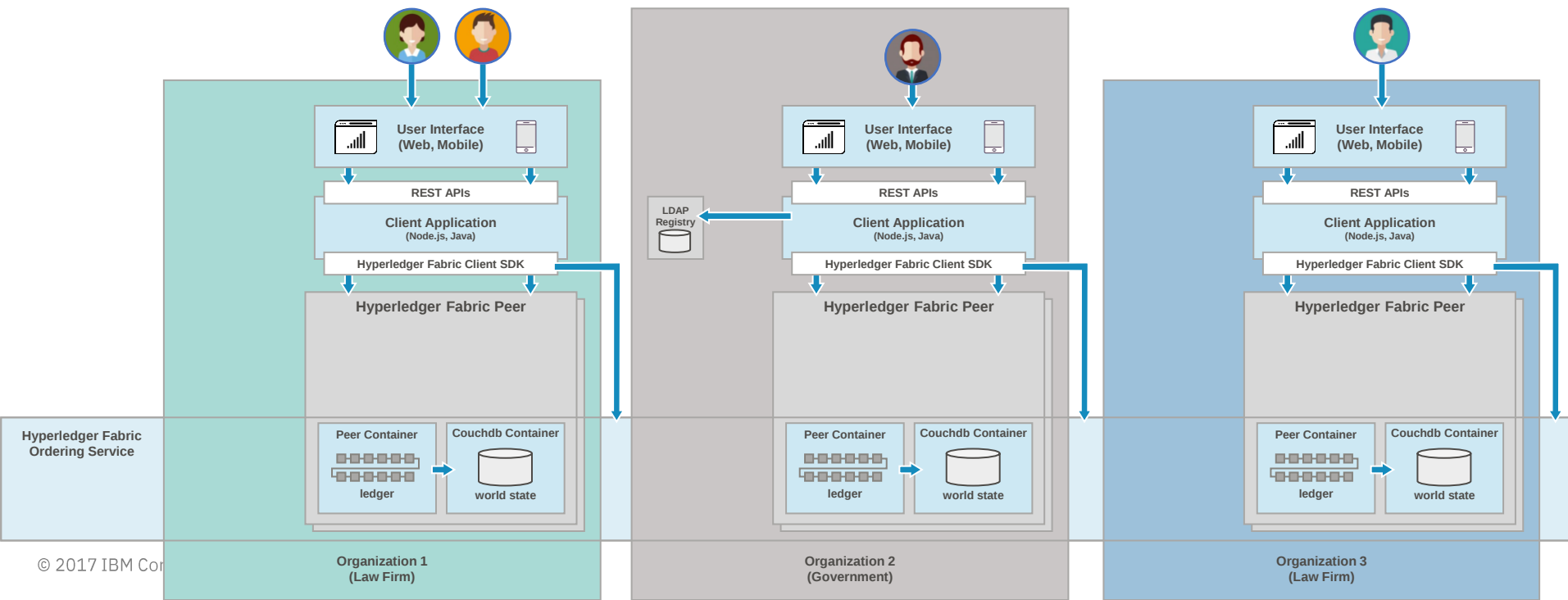
User interfaces typically communicate with backend applications through REST APIs which expose functionality to the UI layer according to the business domain of the application. Applications have various ways of authenticating users (e.g. LDAP, SSO, OAUTH, etc.)



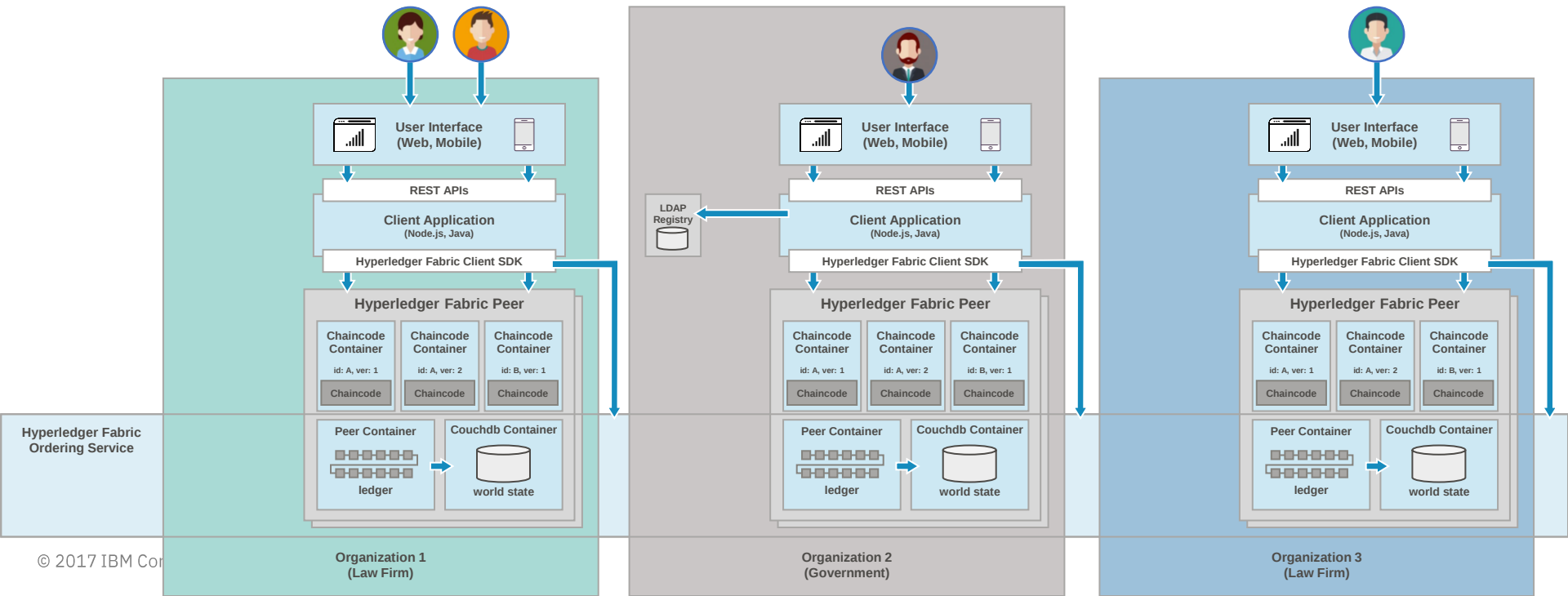
In a Hyperledger Fabric application, the application layer acts as a **blockchain client**, in that it connects to the Fabric components (using the Hyperledger Fabric Client SDK) on behalf of the user in order to query the ledger and execute transactions.



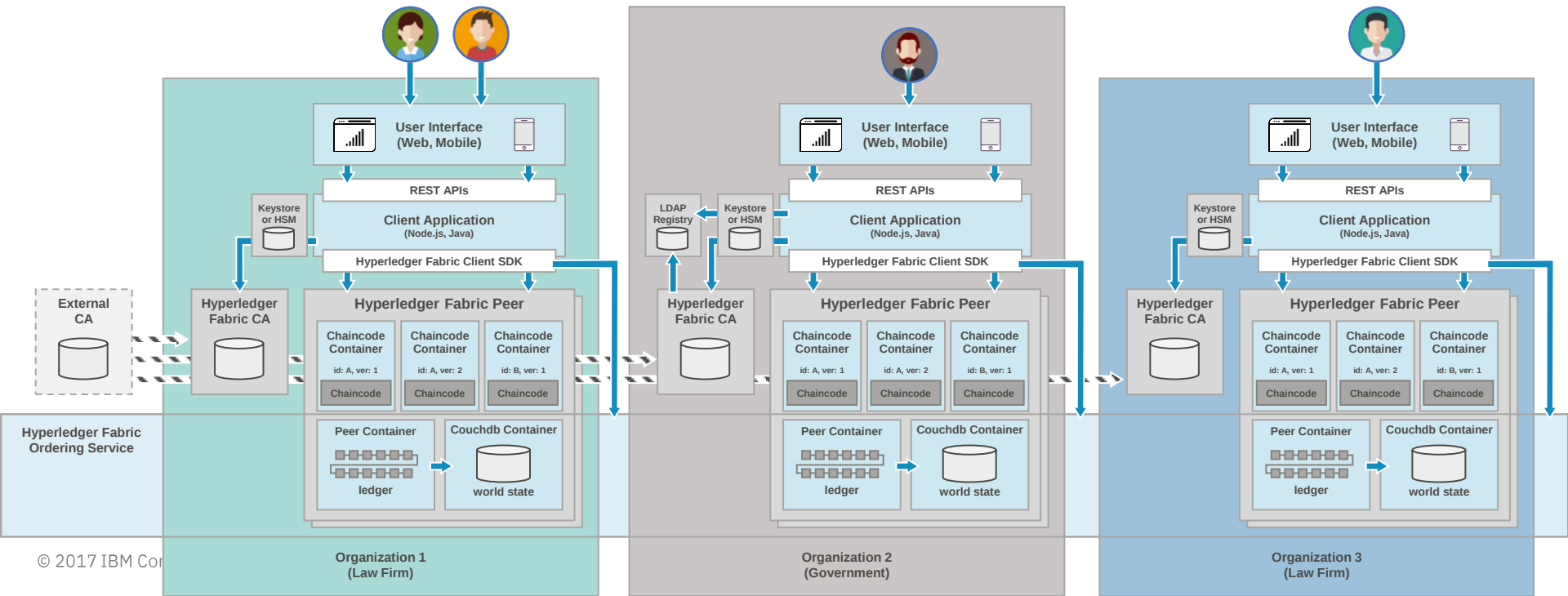
Peers are a primary concept in Hyperledger Fabric. A peer is a Fabric application component that runs in a Docker container and is responsible for maintaining a copy of the ledger, and providing programmatic access to the information on the ledger via the world state DB. An organization will typically have more than one peer, primarily for high availability.



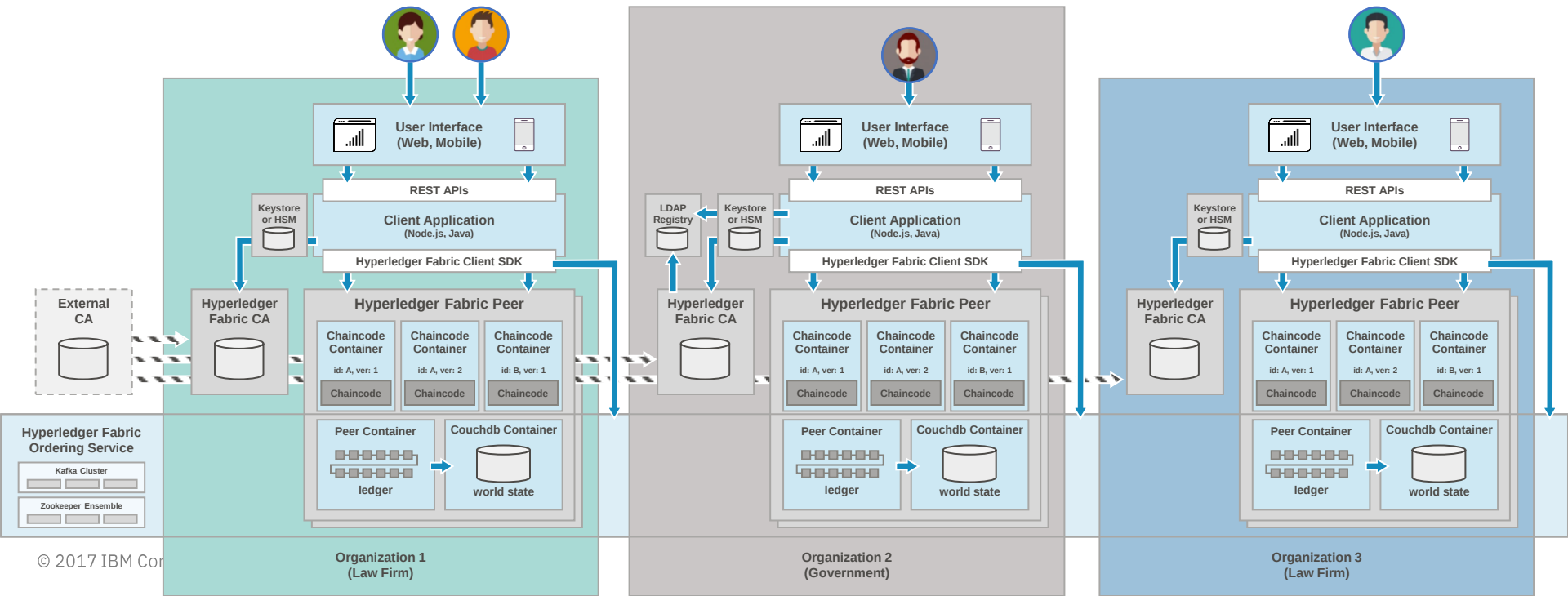
Peers perform application-specific function by executing smart contracts, or more technically, chaincode. Chaincode is managed application code with a well-defined lifecycle that runs within a peer. Chaincode uses Hyperledger Fabric APIs to interact with the world state.



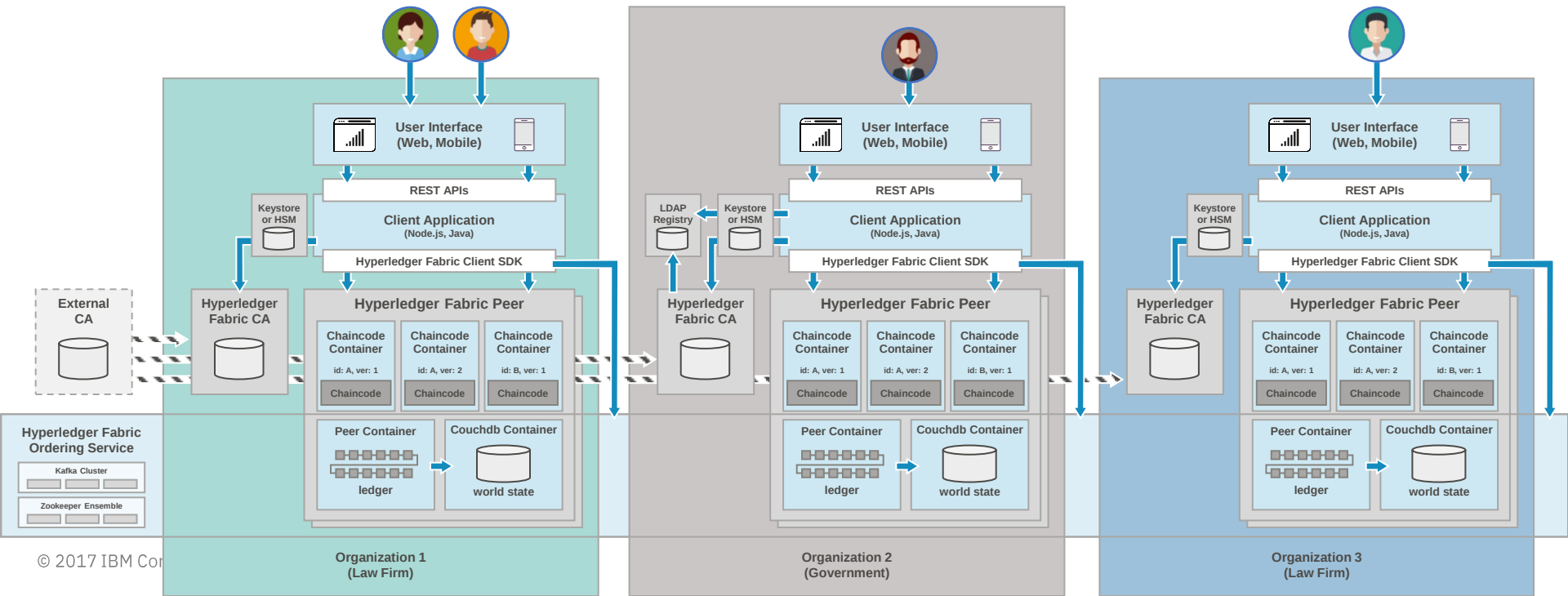
Because Hyperledger Fabric is a private, permissioned blockchain, identity plays a critical role. Identity of individuals as well as Fabric Components such as peers and orderers are defined by certificates, issued by a **certificate authority**. Any certificate authority can be (and often is) used, but Fabric also includes one in the box, called the Hyperledger Fabric CA.



The Ordering Service is the network-level service responsible for determining the order in which transactions coming from any participant in the business network should be committed to the ledger. For high availability and throughput, a Kafka cluster backed by a Zookeeper ensemble is used to distribute blocks to peers (i.e. perform **consensus**).



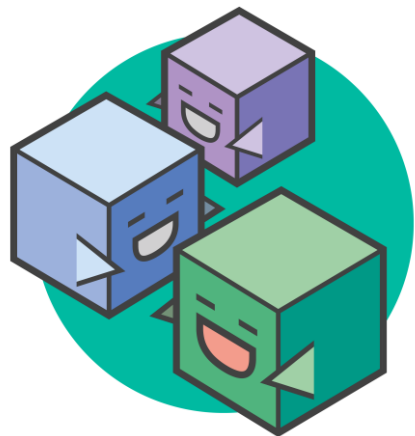
This makes up our final conceptual architecture diagram for a Hyperledger Fabric application



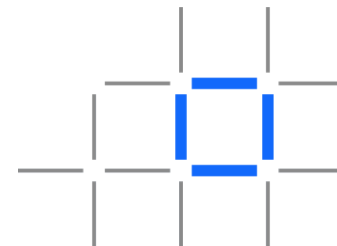
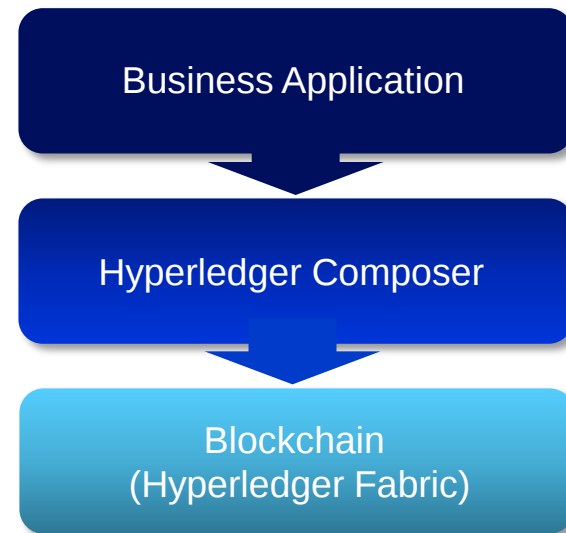
Hyperledger Composer: Accelerating Time to Value

<https://hyperledger.github.io/composer/>

- A suite of high level application abstractions for business networks
- Emphasis on **business-centric vocabulary** for quick solution creation
- Reduce risk, and increase understanding and flexibility

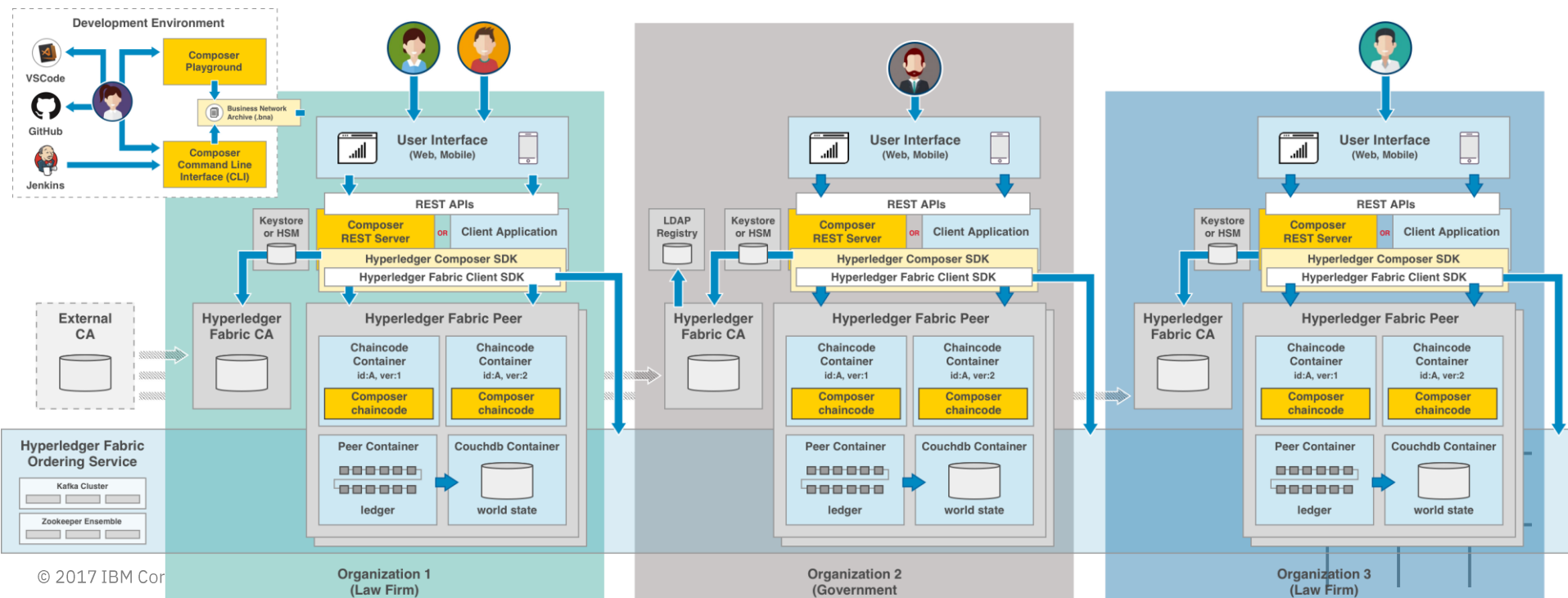


- Features
 - Model your business networks, test and expose via APIs
 - Applications invoke transactions to interact with business network
 - Integrate existing systems of record
- Fully open and part of Linux Foundation Hyperledger
- Try it in your web browser now:
<http://composer-playground.mybluemix.net/>



Hyperledger Fabric + Composer

Hyperledger Composer adds a number of components that leverage the underlying Fabric concepts and infrastructure, simplifying the programming model





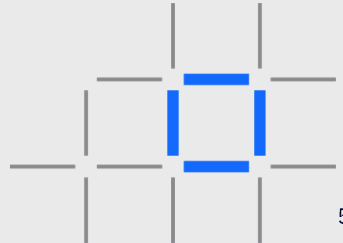
Understanding
Hyperledger Fabric



Transaction Flow in
Hyperledger Fabric



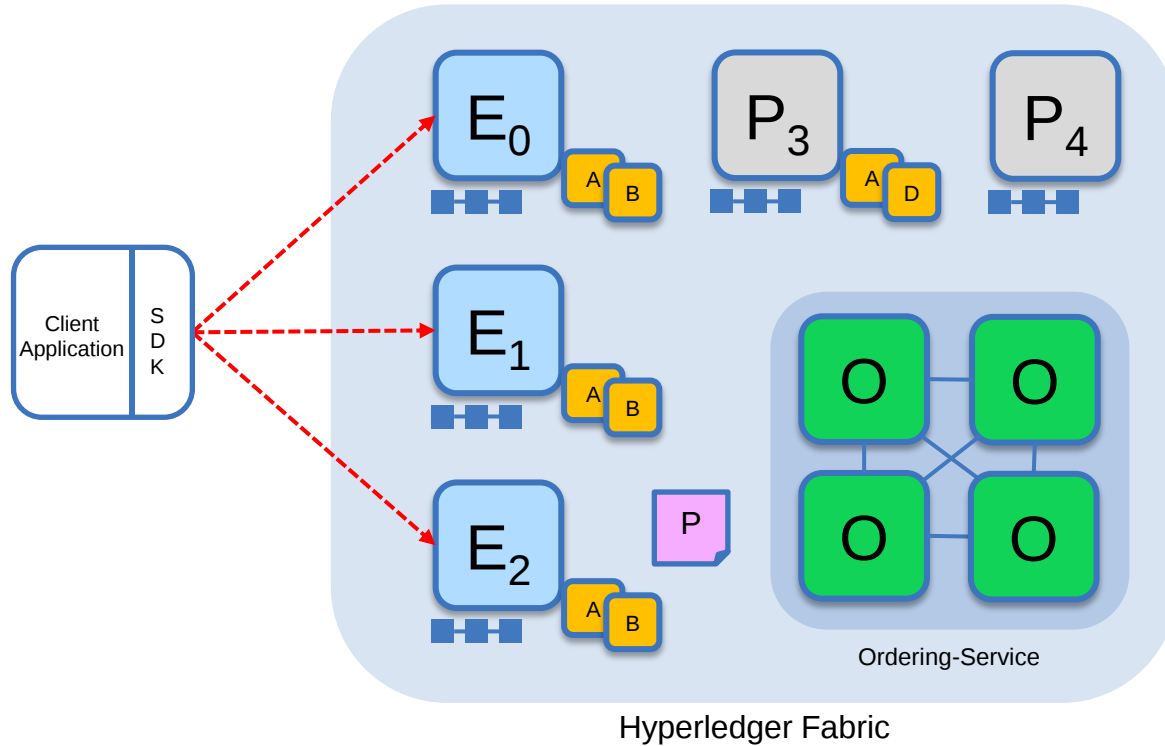
Who is involved in a
Hyperledger Fabric project?



Transaction Flow in Hyperledger Fabric

	Committing Peer: Maintains ledger and state. Commits transactions. May hold smart contract (chaincode).
	Endorsing Peer: Specialized committing peer that receives a transaction proposal for endorsement, responds granting or denying endorsement. Must hold smart contract
	Orderer Node (part of the Ordering Service): Approves the inclusion of transaction blocks into the ledger and communicates with committing and endorsing peer nodes. Does not hold smart contract. Does not hold ledger.

Sample transaction: Step 1/7 – Propose transaction



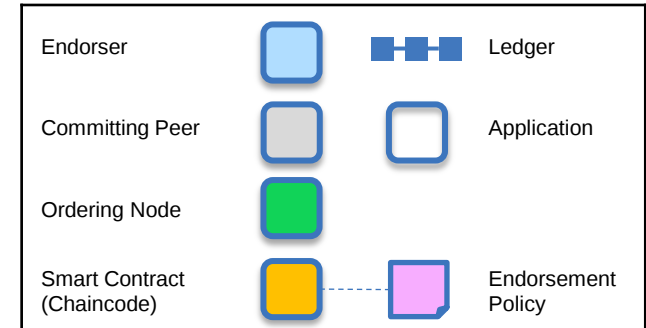
Application proposes transaction

Endorsement policy:

- “ E_0 , E_1 and E_2 must sign”
- (P_3 , P_4 are not part of the policy)

Client application submits a transaction proposal for Smart Contract A. It must target the required peers $\{E_0, E_1, E_2\}$

Key:



Sample transaction: Step 2/7 – Execute proposal

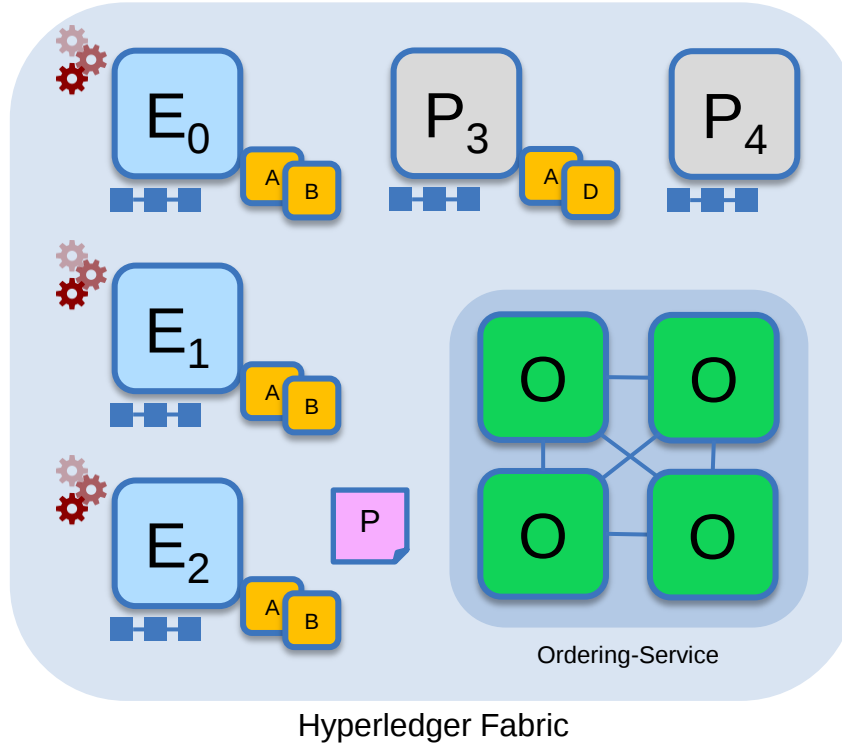
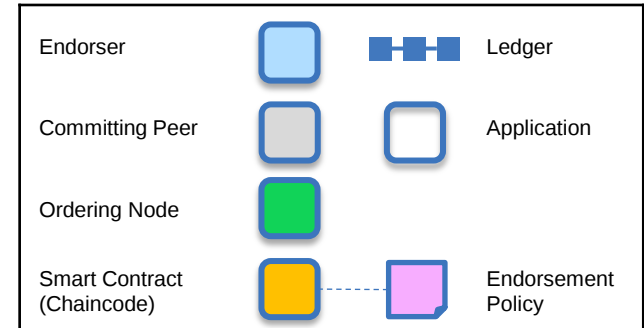
Endorsers Execute Proposals

E_0 , E_1 & E_2 will each execute the proposed transaction. None of these executions will update the ledger

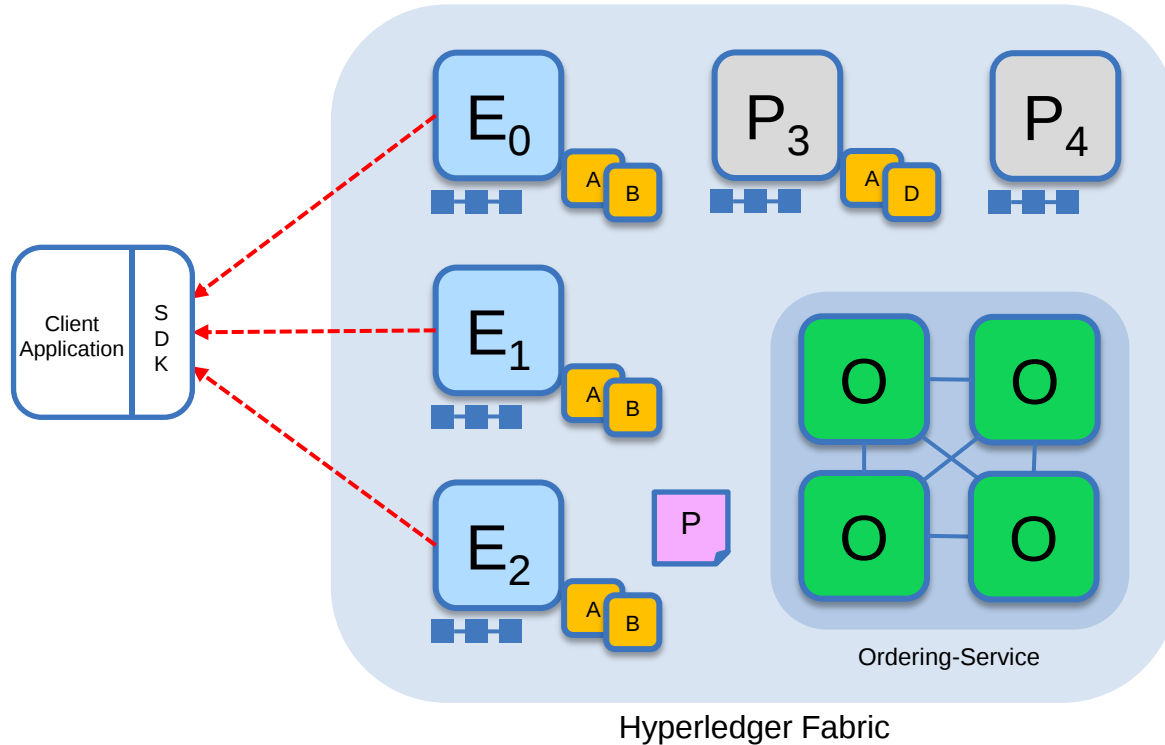
Each execution will capture the set of Read and Written data, called RW sets, which will now flow in the fabric.

Transactions can be signed & encrypted

Key:



Sample transaction: Step 3/7 – Proposal Response



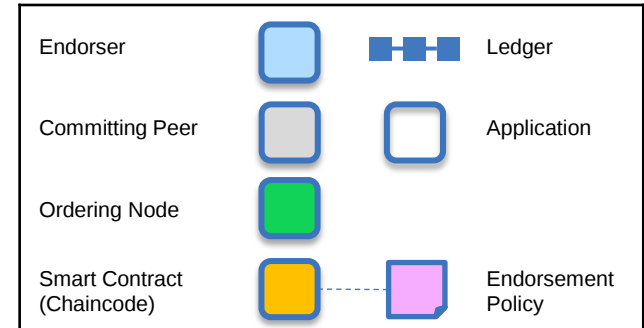
Application receives responses

RW sets are asynchronously returned to application

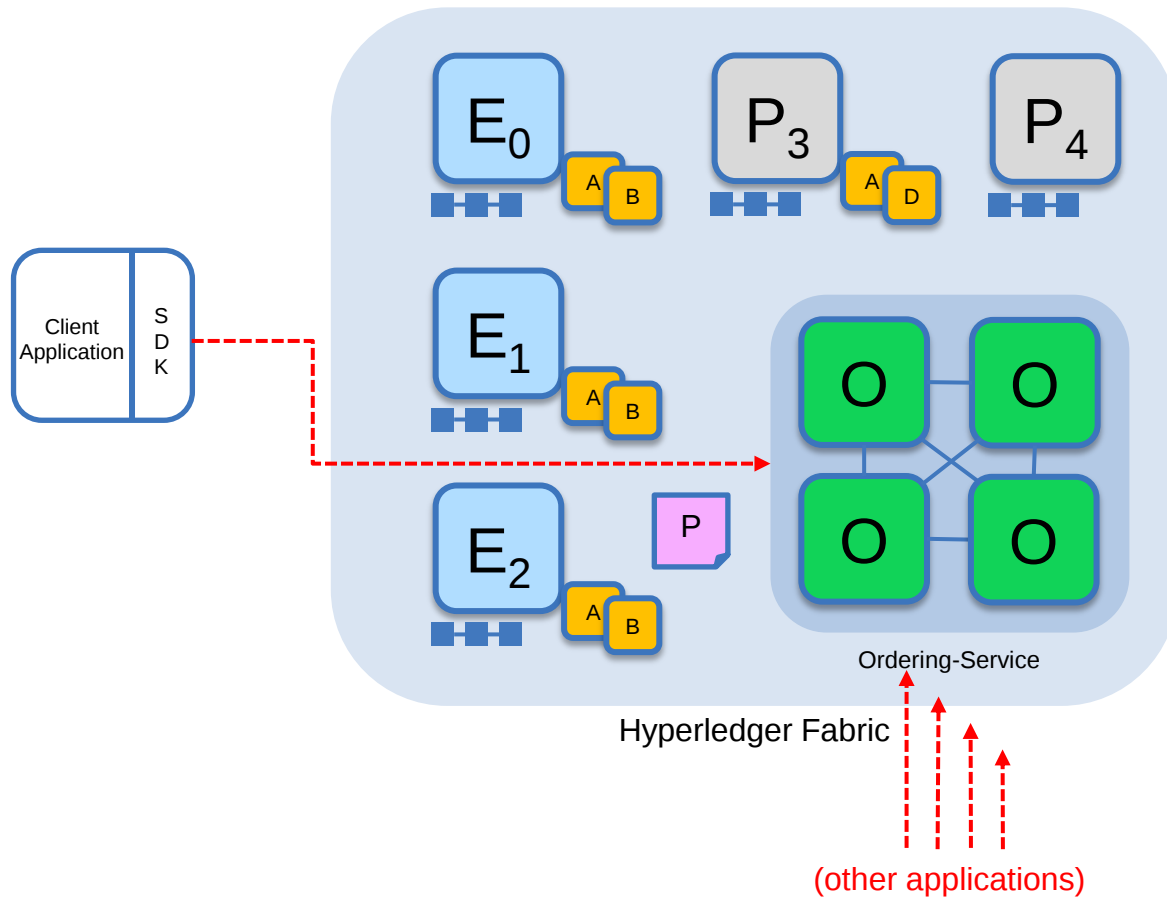
The RW sets are signed by each endorser, and also includes each record version number

(This information will be checked much later in the consensus process)

Key:



Sample transaction: Step 4/7 – Order Transaction

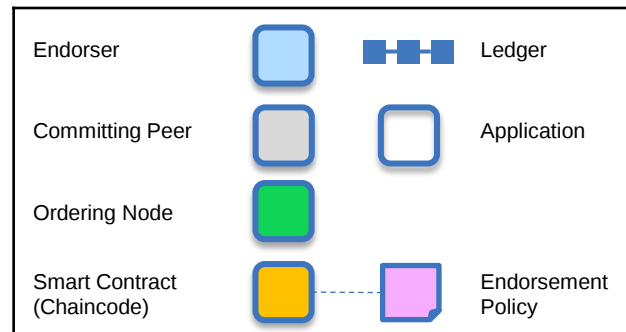


Application submits responses for ordering

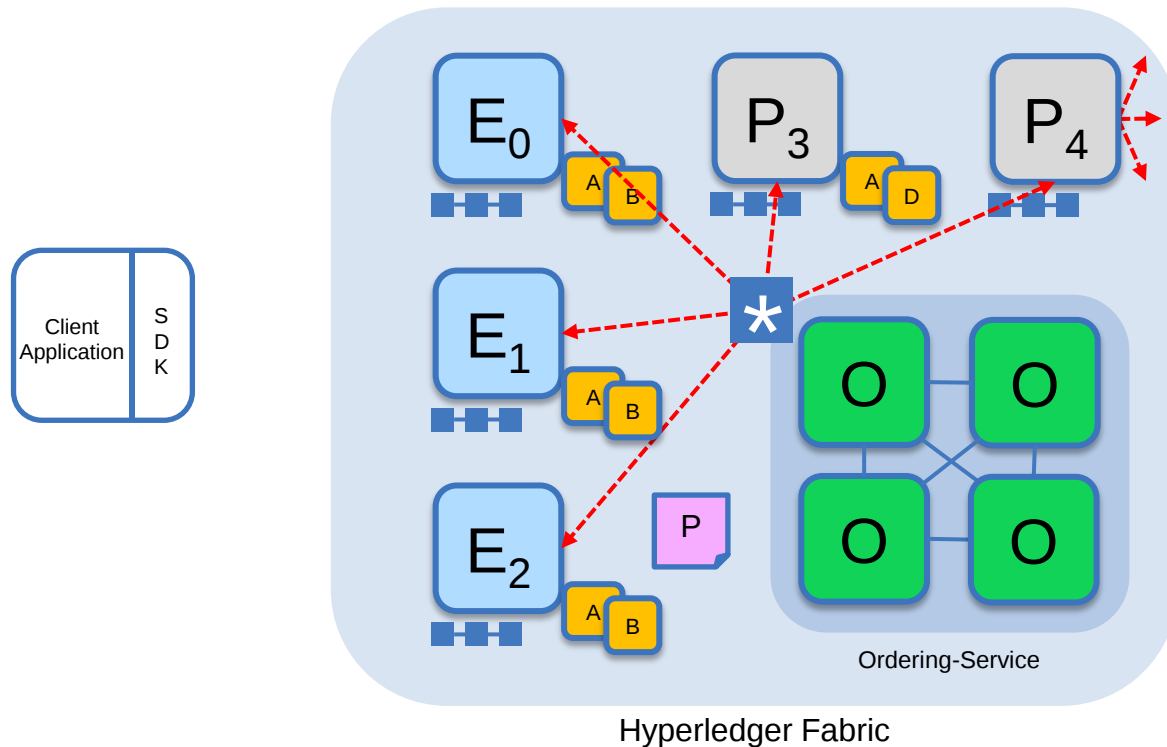
Application submits responses as a transaction to be ordered.

Ordering happens across the fabric in parallel with transactions submitted by other applications

Key:



Sample transaction: Step 5/7 – Deliver Transaction



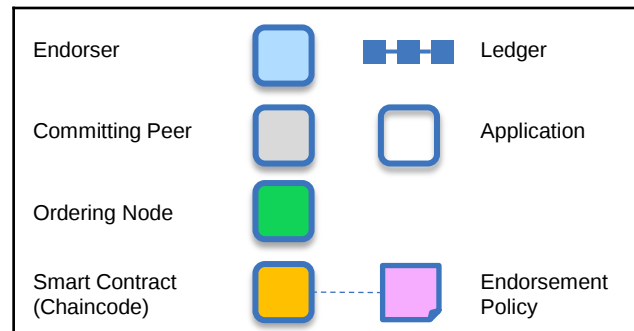
Orderer delivers to all committing peers

Ordering service collects transactions into proposed blocks for distribution to committing peers. Peers can deliver to other peers in a hierarchy (not shown)

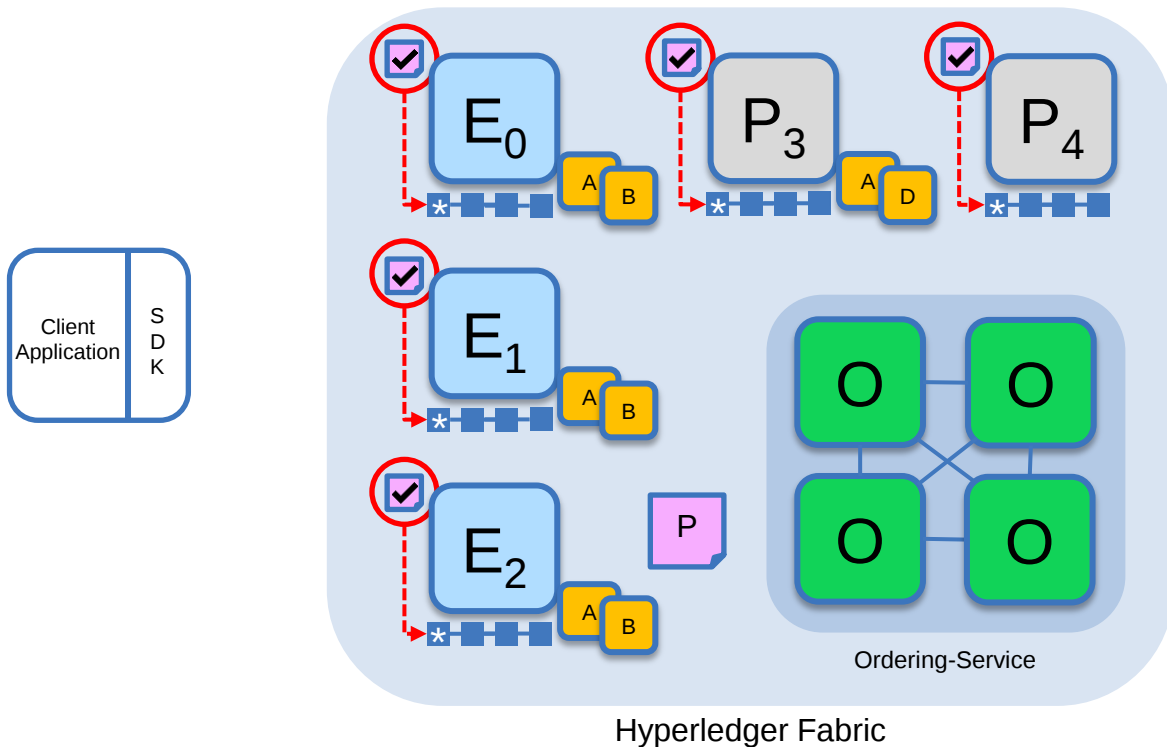
Different ordering algorithms available:

- SOLO (Single node, development)
- Kafka (Crash fault tolerance)

Key:



Sample transaction: Step 6/7 – Validate Transaction



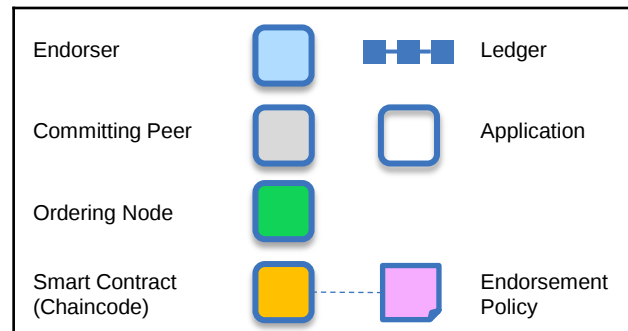
Committing peers validate transactions

Every committing peer validates against the endorsement policy. Also check RW sets are still valid for current world state

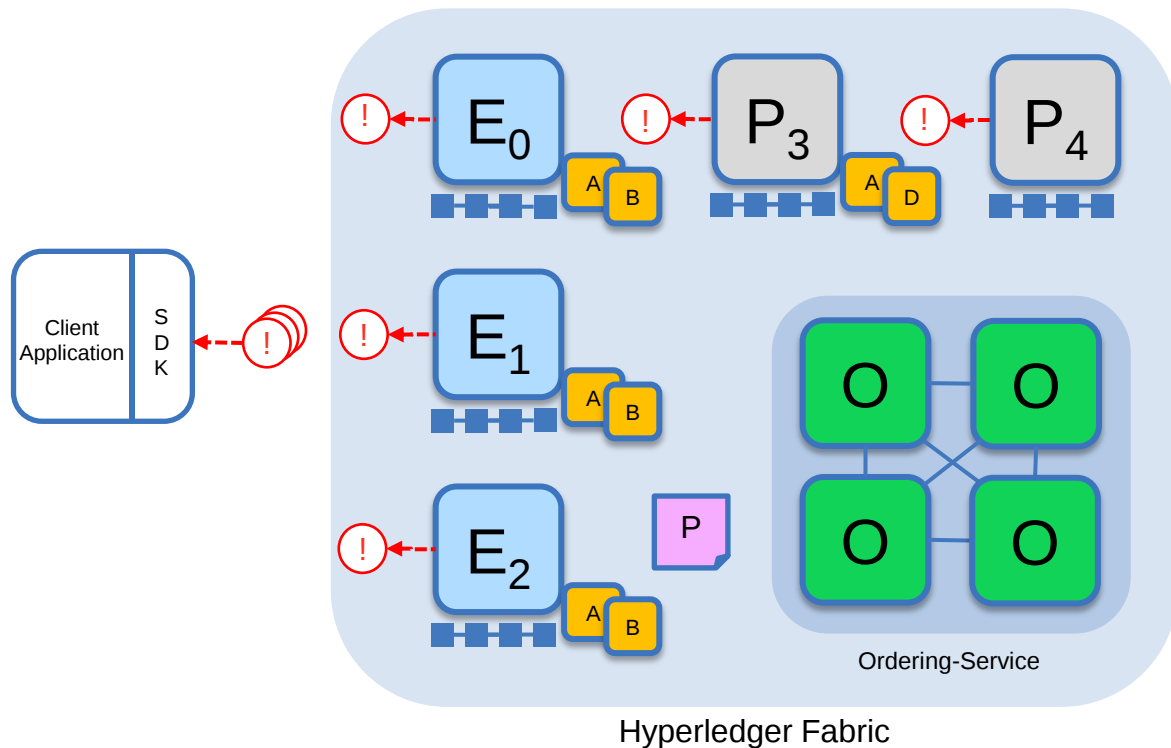
Validated transactions are applied to the world state and retained on the ledger

Invalid transactions are also retained on the ledger but do not update world state

Key:



Sample transaction: Step 7/7 – Notify Transaction

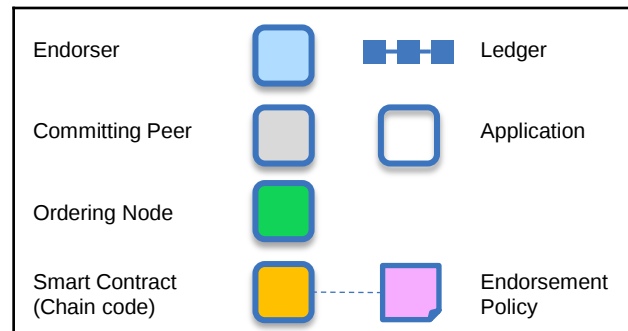


Committing peers notify applications

Applications can register to be notified when transactions succeed or fail, and when blocks are added to the ledger

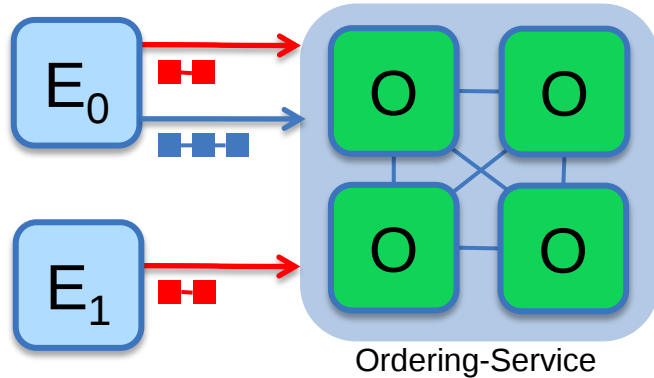
Applications will be notified by each peer to which they are connected

Key:



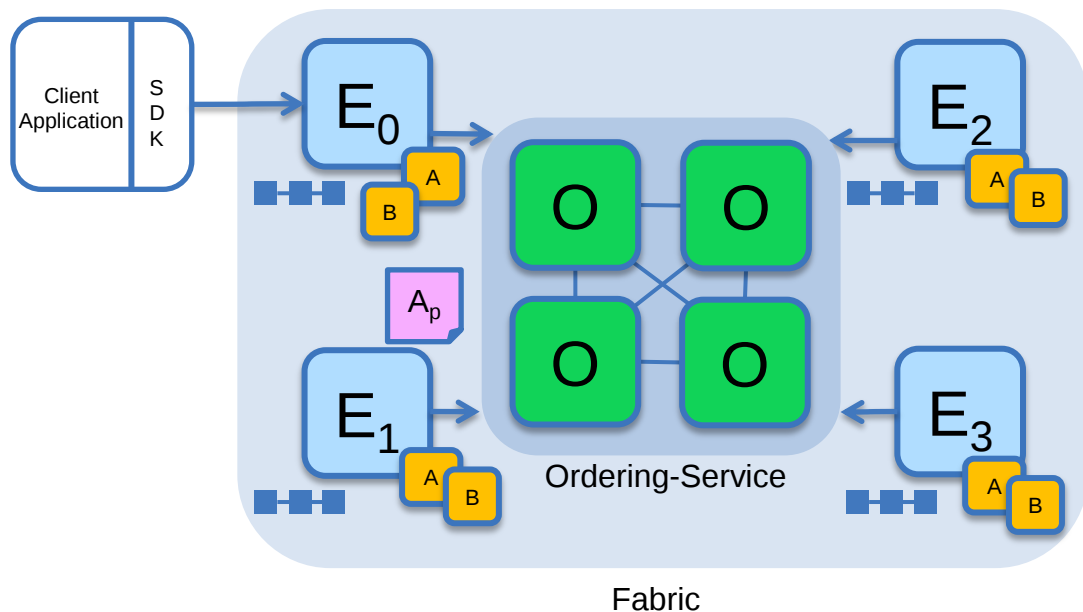
Channels

Channels are used to enforce data and business logic separation within a single Hyperledger Fabric business network



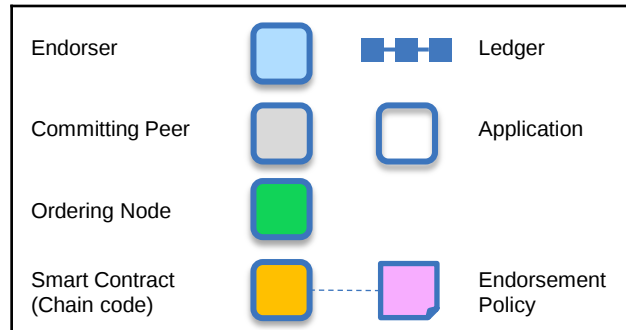
- Chaincode is installed on peers that need to access the worldstate
- Chaincode is instantiated on specific channels for specific peers
- Ledgers exist in the scope of a channel
 - Ledgers can be shared across an entire network of peers
 - Ledgers can be included only on a specific set of participants
- Peers can participate in multiple channels
- Concurrent execution for performance and scalability

Single Channel Endorsement

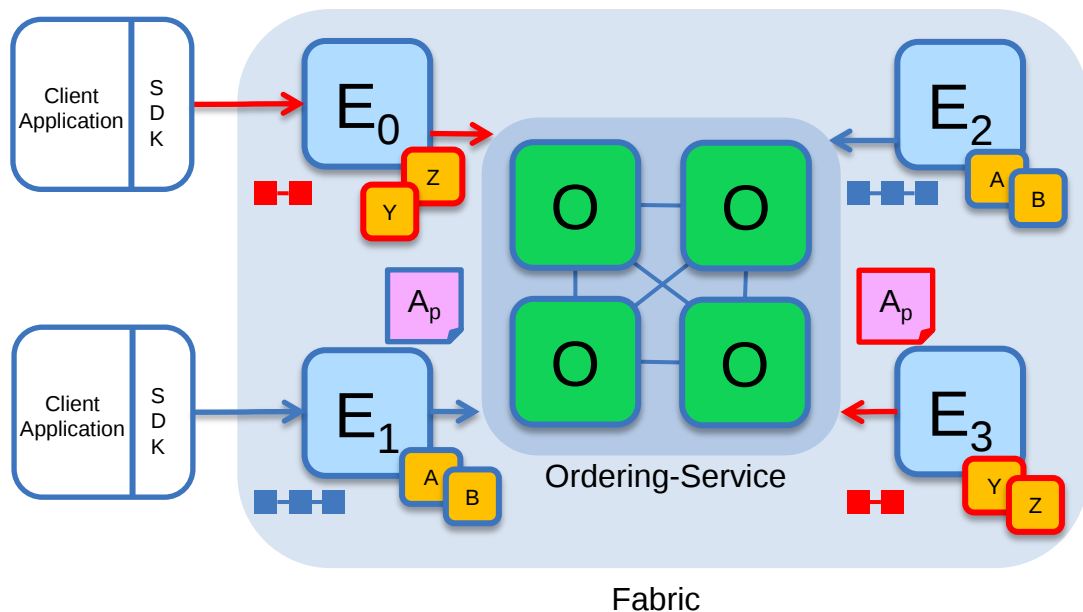


- All peers connect to the same channel (blue).
- All peers consider the same chaincodes for execution and maintain the same ledger
- Endorsement by peers E_0, E_1, E_2 and E_3

Key:

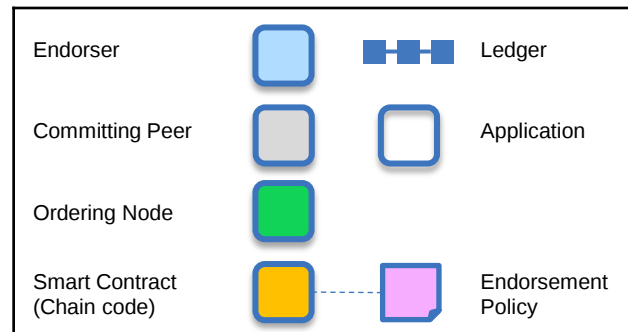


Multi Channel & Chaincode Endorsement



- Peers E_0 and E_3 connect to the **red** channel for chaincodes **Y** and **Z**
- Peers E_1 and E_2 connect to the **blue** channel for chaincodes **A** and **B**

Key:





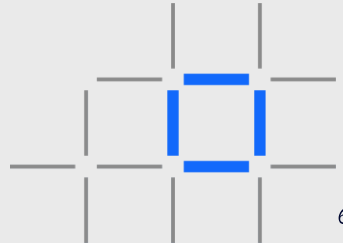
Understanding
Hyperledger Fabric



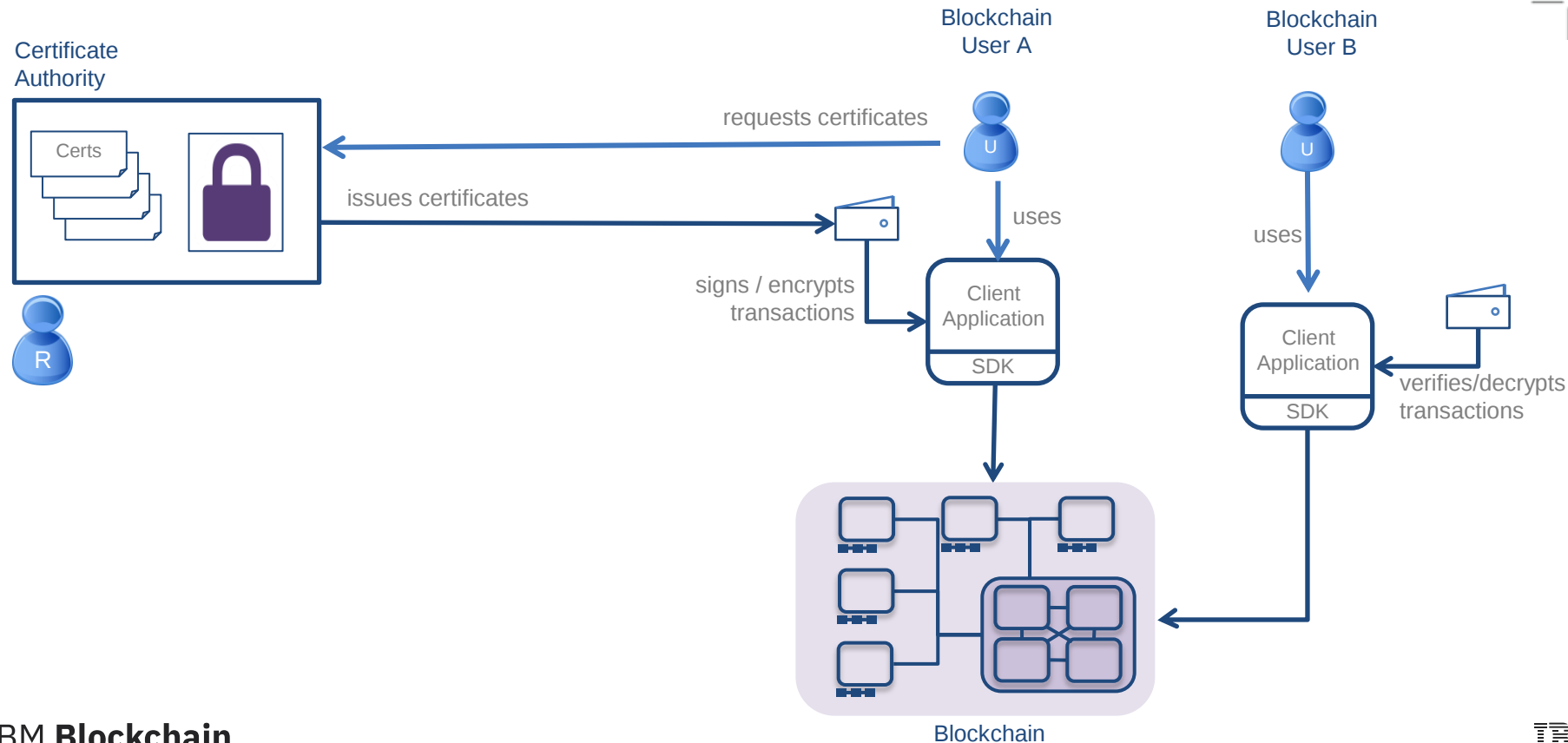
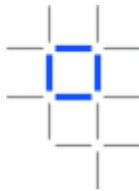
Transaction Flow in
Hyperledger Fabric



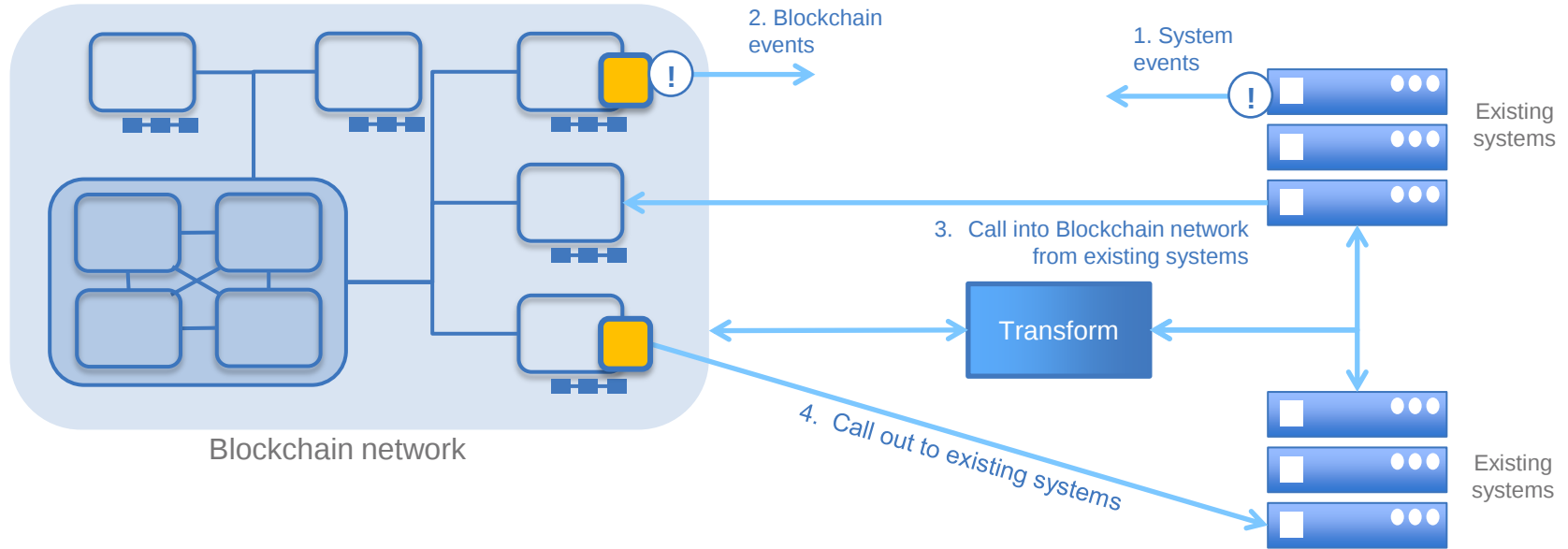
Who is involved in a
Hyperledger Fabric project?



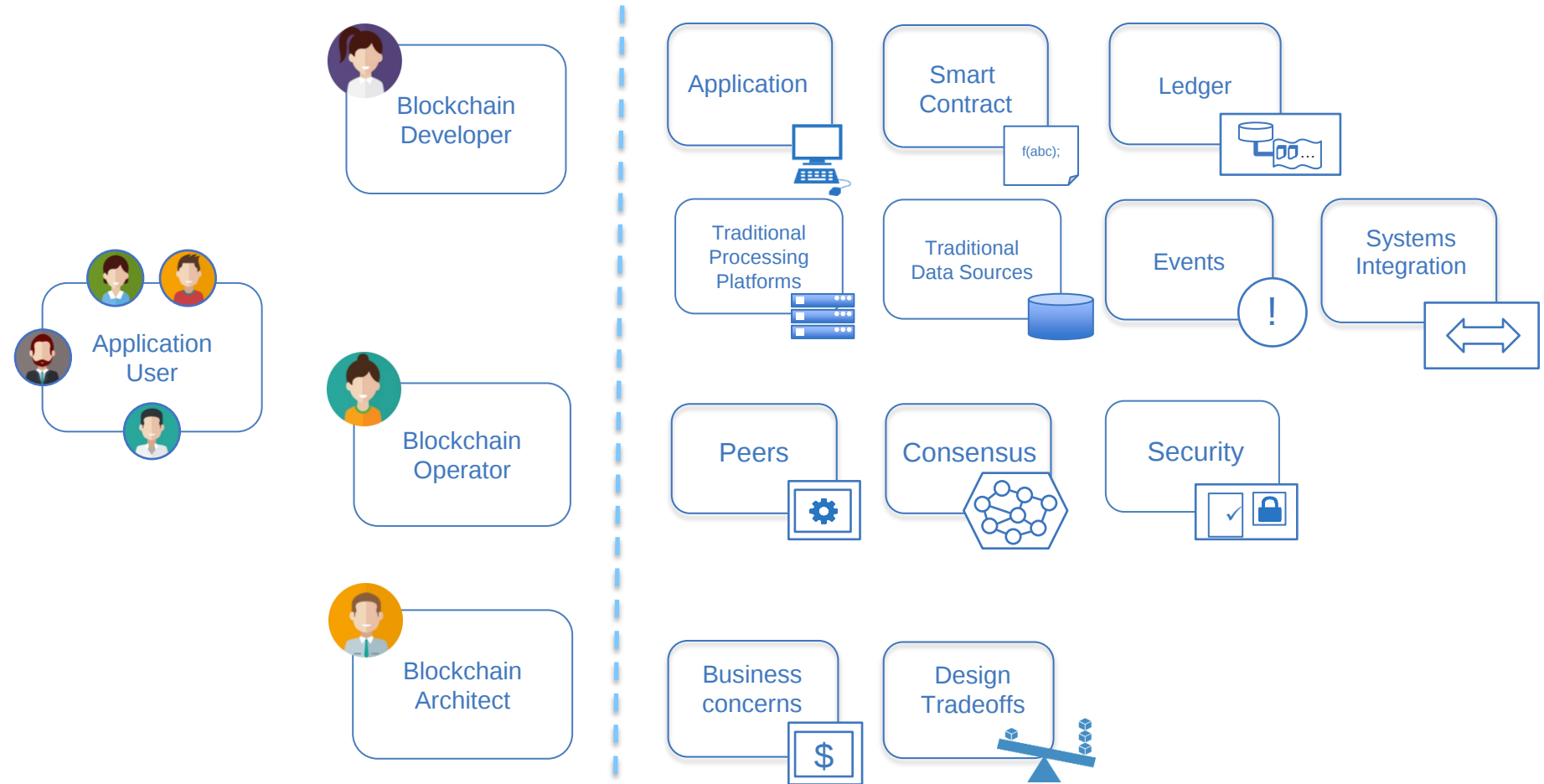
Certificate Authorities and Blockchain



Integrating with existing systems – possibilities



Summary of key concepts

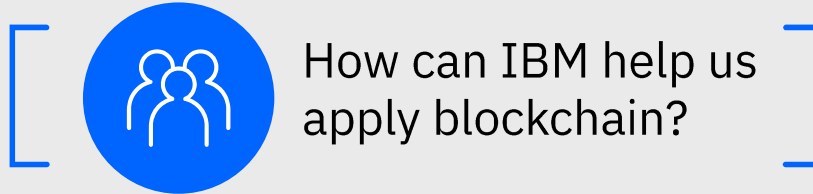




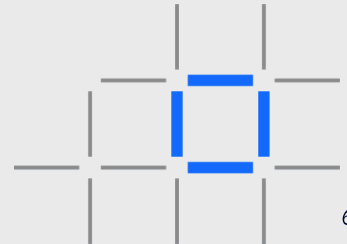
What is Blockchain?



Why is it relevant for our business?

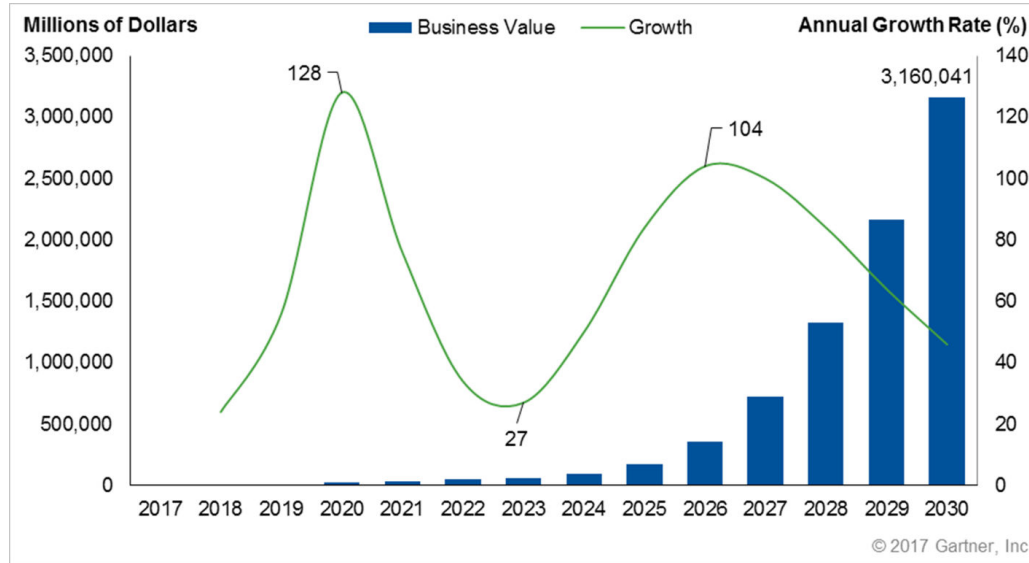


How can IBM help us apply blockchain?



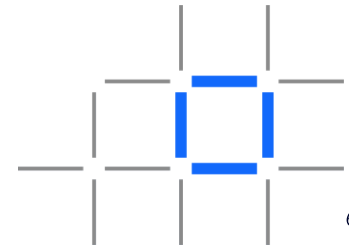
Practical Blockchain: A Gartner Trend Insight Report

Published: 3 March 2017 ID: G00325933



- Blockchain is evolving from a digital currency infrastructure into a platform for digital transformation.
- Forecasts operational risks in many Blockchain projects over the **next five to seven years.**

By 2025, five Blockchain / distributed ledger platforms will be "mainstream" commerce platform enablers.



400+



IBM Blockchain

DISRUPTION

Chemicals

Finance

Transportation

Government

Supply Chain

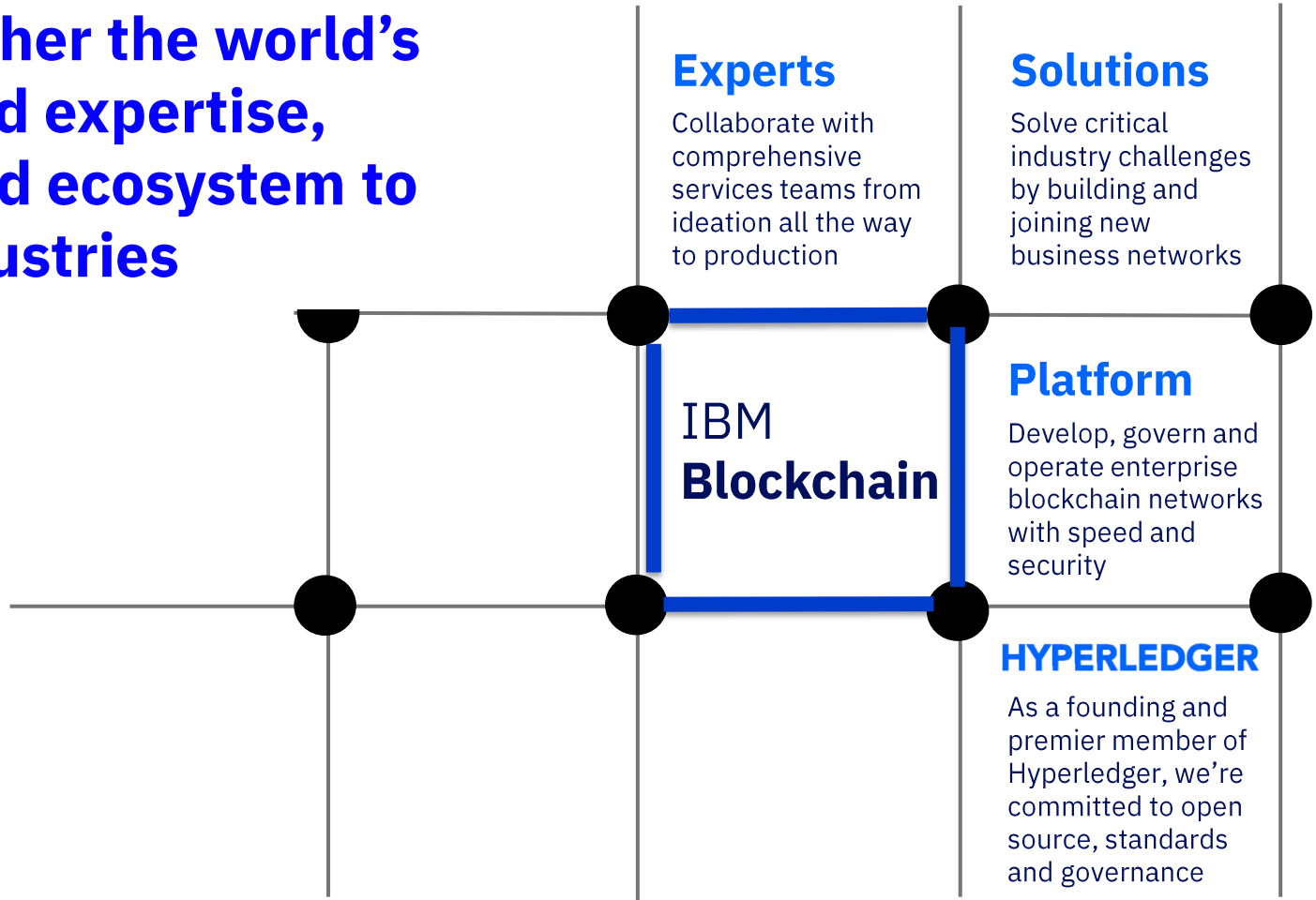
Energy & Utilities

Media

Healthcare



Bringing together the world's most advanced expertise, technology and ecosystem to transform industries



Introducing the IBM Blockchain Platform

The only fully integrated enterprise-ready blockchain platform designed to accelerate the development, governance, and operation of a multi-institution business network

- Based on Hyperledger Fabric V1 runtime optimized for enterprise requirements
- Specialized compute for security, performance and resilience
- Delivered via the IBM Cloud on a global footprint with 24x7 Integrated Support
- Full lifecycle tooling to speed activation and management of your network

Develop

Explore and accelerate development time with tools that ensure close alignment between business leaders and developers

Govern

Speed activation, customization and management of your business network with democratic, multi-party governance tooling

Operate

Deploy and operate always-on networks with production-ready enterprise performance and security for most demanding use cases

[\[http://ibm.biz/Platform_Demo\]](http://ibm.biz/Platform_Demo)

IBM Engagement Model overview



1. Discuss Blockchain technology
2. Explore customer business model
3. Show Blockchain Application demo



1. Understand Blockchain concepts & elements
2. Hands on with Blockchain on Bluemix
3. Standard demo customization



1. Design Thinking workshop to define business challenge
2. Agile iterations incrementally build project functionality
3. Enterprise integration



1. Scale up pilot or Scale out to new projects
2. Business Process Re-engineering
3. Systems Integration

Remote

Digital

Face to face

Face to face

Key Links for IBM Blockchain

- IBM Blockchain Community
<http://ibm.biz/blockchain>
- Introduction to Blockchain slides
<https://ibm.box.com/v/BlockchainExplained>
- Blockchain training materials
<http://ibm.biz/BlockC101>
- Blockchain use cases
<http://ibm.biz/BlockUseCases>
- Blockchain demos (incl. Car Leasing)
<http://ibm.biz/BlockDemos>
- Blockchain for A,A&D sub-community
<http://ibm.biz/BlockAAD>
- Blockchain and Watson IoT
<https://ibm.biz/Bd4jKZ>
- Public References
<http://ibm.biz/BlockPubRef>
- IBM Newsroom
<http://www-03.ibm.com/press/us/en/presskit/50610.wss>
- IBM public webpage on Blockchain
<https://www.ibm.com/blockchain/>
- IBM developerWorks
<https://developer.ibm.com/blockchain/>



Thank you

Ronen Siman-Tov

IBM Blockchain

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www.hyperledger.org

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